

Contents

1. Introduction. By K. SHIMODA

1.1 General Features of the Laser	1
1.1.1 Temporal Coherence and Monochromaticity	1
1.1.2 Spatial Coherence	3
1.1.3 Tuning and Modulation	4
1.1.4 Brightness	5
1.2 Historical Review of Laser Spectroscopy	5
1.2.1 Raman Spectroscopy	6
1.2.2 Stark and Zeeman Spectroscopy	6
1.2.3 Fluorescence Spectroscopy	7
1.2.4 Nonlinear Spectroscopy of High Resolution	8
References	8

2. Line Broadening and Narrowing Effects. By K. SHIMODA (With 9 Figures)

2.1 Homogeneous Broadening	11
2.1.1 Lineshape and Width of a Classical Oscillator	11
2.1.2 Natural Width and Saturation Broadening	16
2.1.3 Phenomenological Treatment of Collision Broadening	19
2.2 Inhomogeneous Broadening	22
2.2.1 Doppler Broadening	23
2.2.2 Hole Burning	26
2.3 Velocity-Changing Collision	28
2.3.1 Dicke Narrowing	29
2.3.2 Cross Relaxation—Diffusion of the Burnt Hole	30
2.4 Sensitivity of Laser Spectrometers	31
2.4.1 Noise in Laser Spectrometers	31
2.4.2 Theoretical Sensitivity of Laser Spectrometers	34
2.4.3 Experimental Results and Discussions	41
2.5 Ultimate Resolution of Laser Spectroscopy	43
2.5.1 Practical Limit of Resolution of Saturation Spectroscopy	44

2.5.2 Spectroscopy of Trapped Particles	46
2.5.3 Resolution of Doppler-Free Two-Photon Spectroscopy	47
References	48

3. Atomic Beam Spectroscopy. By P. JACQUINOT

(With 20 Figures)

3.1 Reasons for Using Atomic Beams in High-Resolution Laser Spectroscopy	52
3.1.1 Reduction of the Doppler Width	52
3.1.2 Reduction of Collisions	54
3.1.3 Possibility of Using Deflection of Trajectories	55
3.1.4 Possibility of Space Resolution Along the Beam	55
3.1.5 Purely Technological Reasons	56
3.2 Relevant Characteristics of Atomic Beams	56
3.2.1 Some Useful Quantities	56
3.2.2 Multiple-Channel Slits	59
3.2.3 Residual Doppler Shift and Broadening	60
3.2.4 Production of Metastable Atoms	62
3.2.5 Laser Requirements—Saturation—Power Broadening	62
3.3 Detection of the Interaction of an Atomic Beam with a Laser Beam	64
3.3.1 Optical Detection by Absorption	64
3.3.2 Optical Detection by Fluorescence	64
3.3.3 Detection by Resonant Recoil	66
3.3.4 Detection by Magnetic Deflection	68
3.3.5 Detection by Photoionization (or by Field Ionization) from the Upper State	74
3.3.6 Combination of Saturated Absorption and the Atomic Beam	75
3.4 Examples of High-Resolution Experiments	75
3.4.1 Atomic Fine or Hyperfine Structure and Isotope Shift Experiments on the Sodium Resonance Lines	76
Measurements on Other Resonance Lines	79
Measurements on Non-Resonant Levels	79
3.4.2 Molecular Spectra	84
3.4.3 Studies of Photoionization	85
3.4.4 Interaction of Atoms with Intense Light Fields	86
3.4.5 Measurements of the Relativistic Second-Order Doppler Shift	88

3.5 Miscellaneous	88
3.5.1 Velocity Selection by Means of Lasers	88
3.5.2 Atomic or Molecular Filters	90
3.5.3 Laser Stabilization by Atomic Beam	91
References	91

4. Saturation Spectroscopy. By V. S. LETOKHOV (With 38 Figures)

4.1 Background Material	95
4.1.1 Historical Remarks	95
4.1.2 Saturation Approach	95
4.2 Interaction of a Laser Wave with a Doppler-Broadened Transition	96
4.2.1 Hole in the Velocity Distribution Induced by a Traveling Wave	96
4.2.2 Narrow Resonance of Saturated Absorption	98
4.2.3 Narrow Resonances on Coupled Transitions	111
4.2.4 Resonances of the Total Level Population in a Standing Wave	116
4.3 Methods of Laser Saturation Spectroscopy	118
4.3.1 Spectroscopy of Unconnected Transitions	118
4.3.2 Spectroscopy of Coupled Transitions	128
4.4 Resolution of Saturation Spectroscopy	136
4.4.1 Contribution of Various Effects	137
4.4.2 Some Peculiarities of Saturation Spectroscopy	139
4.4.3 Information Capacity of Saturation Spectroscopy	142
4.5 Lasers for Saturation Spectroscopy	144
4.5.1 Lasers with Narrow Frequency Tuning	144
4.5.2 Tunable Lasers	145
4.6 Applications of Laser Saturation Spectroscopy	146
4.6.1 Spectroscopic Data	146
4.6.2 Measurements of Isotopic and Hyperfine Structures	149
4.6.3 Zeeman and Stark Effects	152
4.6.4 Collision Effects	157
4.6.5 Precision Spectroscopy	161
4.7 Possibility of Other Applications of Saturation Spectroscopy	162
4.7.1 γ -Ray Spectroscopy of Nuclear Transitions	162
4.7.2 Positronium and Narrow Annihilation Lines	163
4.7.3 Elementary Excitations in Solids	165
References	165

5. High Resolution Saturated Absorption Studies of Methane and Some Methyl-Halides. By J. L. HALL and J. A. MAGYAR
(With 6 Figures)

5.1 Outline of Sub-Doppler Spectroscopy Near 3.39 μm	174
5.2 Frequency Measurement and Control	178
5.3 Observed Spectra of Methyl-Halides and Their Analysis	183
5.3.1 CH_3Cl : Observed Spectrum and Assignment	184
5.3.2 Theoretical Analysis.	186
5.3.3 CH_3Br and CH_3I	191
5.4 Ultra-High Resolution Spectroscopy of CH_4	196
References	198

6. Three-Level Laser Spectroscopy. By V. P. CHEBOTAYEV
(With 19 Figures)

6.1 Fundamental Equations of Three-Level Spectroscopy	207
6.1.1 Transition Probabilities	208
6.1.2 Equations for Density Matrix Elements	214
6.2 The Line Shape on the Adjacent Transition in a Gas	217
6.2.1 The Weak Field Case	220
6.2.2 The Strong Field Case	223
6.3 Investigations of Resonant SRS Line in Neon	226
6.3.1 Choice of Transitions	227
6.3.2 Experiment for Observation of Resonant SRS	227
6.3.3 SRS Line Shape	230
6.4 Polarization Characteristics of Resonant SRS and Investigations of Fine Structure of Levels	232
6.5 Investigation of Resonance Radiation Trapping	237
6.6 Influence of Collisions Upon Resonant SRS Line	242
6.7 Resonant Raman Gas Lasers	246
References	250

7. Quantum Beats and Time-Resolved Fluorescence Spectroscopy.
By S. HAROCHE (With 25 Figures)

7.1 The Quantum Beat Phenomenon: A Quantum Interference Effect in Atomic Fluorescence	256
7.1.1 Quantum Beats in a Single-Atom System	257
7.1.2 Quantum Beats in a Many-Atom System	261
7.1.3 Comparison Between Single- and Many-Atom Beat Signals	264
7.2 Quantum Beat Theory in the Density Matrix Formalism	267
7.2.1 The Quantum Beat Signal Expressed in Terms of the Excited State Density Matrix	268

7.2.2	Preparation of the Excited Density Matrix by the Light Pulse	269
7.2.3	The Multipole Expansion of the Quantum Beat Signal	275
7.3	Connection Between Quantum Beats and Other Types of Atomic Fluorescence Experiments	279
7.3.1	Relation to Level-Crossing Experiments	279
7.3.2	Relation to Modulated Pumping Experiments	280
7.3.3	Relation to Double Resonance Experiments	281
7.3.4	Advantages and Limitations of Quantum Beat Spectroscopy as Compared to Steady State Fluorescence Techniques	281
7.4	Technology of Time-Resolved Fluorescence Spectroscopy Using Lasers	283
7.4.1	Pulsed Laser Sources	284
7.4.2	Fast Response Detection Systems	286
7.4.3	A Variant Technique: The Beam-Laser Experiment	287
7.5	Review of Time-Resolved Fluorescence Spectroscopy Experiments	288
7.5.1	Lifetimes	289
7.5.2	Zeeman Beats and g -Factors	294
7.5.3	Hyperfine Structure Beats	295
7.5.4	Fine Structure Beats	300
7.5.5	Polarizability Measurements	304
7.5.6	Collision Studies	305
7.6	Comment About the Ultimate Resolution of a Time- Resolved Fluorescence Experiment: The Time-Delayed Techniques	306
7.6.1	Quantum Beats Restricted to Long-Lived Atoms	307
7.6.2	Time-Delayed Level-Crossing Spectroscopy	307
7.7	Conclusion	310
	References	311

8. Doppler-Free Two-Photon Absorption Spectroscopy.

By N. BLOEMBERGEN and M. D. LEVENSON (With 15 Figures)

8.1	Historical Introduction	315
8.2	Theory of Two-Photon Absorption	318
8.2.1	Nonlinear Susceptibilities	320
8.2.2	Doppler Width	323
8.2.3	Selection Rules for Two-Photon Transitions	326
8.2.4	Two-Photon Ionization	328
8.2.5	Power-Dependent Stark Shift and Broadening	329
8.2.6	Rigorous Solution for Two-Photon Transitions in a Three-Level System	331

8.3	Experimental Techniques	335
8.3.1	Laser System for Doppler-Free Multiphoton Absorption	336
8.3.2	Dye Lasers	337
8.3.3	Optical Parametric Oscillators	343
8.3.4	Molecular Gas Lasers	343
8.3.5	Detection Techniques	345
8.3.6	Two-Photon Absorption Cell Configurations	348
8.4	Experimental Results	354
8.4.1	Early Experimental Confirmation of Doppler-Free Two-Photon Absorption	354
8.4.2	Alkali Atom Two-Photon Spectroscopy	360
8.4.3	Atomic Hydrogen.	362
8.4.4	Molecules and Complex Atoms	363
8.4.5	Conclusion	367
	References	367
	Additional References with Titles	371
	Subject Index	375