

Index

Page numbers in *italics* refer to figures. Search by page or figure number.

- abducen's nerve (CN VI) 29, 30, 38, 85, 175
- acne rosacea 80 (Fig. 195)
- AIDS (acquired immune deficiency syndrome) 148, 154, 155
- albinism 195
- amblyopia 32, 36
- Amsler grid 52, 191, 211
- aneurysms 29, 37, 38, 59
- angle-closure glaucoma 132–134, 144
 - see also glaucoma
- angloid streaks 194, 195
- ankylosing spondylitis 147, 148
- antibiotics 70
- arteries
 - carotid and cerebral 29, 49, 50, 58–60, 181 (Fig. 143), 209
 - ophthalmic 29, 59, 85
 - retinal 176, 179, 180–182, 185, 209
 - vertebral 29
- arthritis 4, 64, 115, 147–149
- asteroid hyalosis 201
- astigmatism 12, 20, 27, 105, 106, 165
- Axenfeld nerve loops 93–94
- band keratopathy 147
- basal cell carcinoma 76
- Behcet's disease 148
- Bell's palsy 40, 95, 140 (Fig. 291)
- blepharitis 62–65, 78–82
- blepharospasm 41
- blow-out fracture of orbit 88
- Botox injection 41
- Bowman's membrane 22, 91, 94, 92
- brain 29, 43, 47, 56–59, (Fig. 120, 124, 129, 140, 142, 144), *inner back cover*
- Bruch's membrane 188 (Fig. 514, 535, 537, 538)
 - distributed deposites on Fig. 537
- carcinoma 47, 76, 154 (Fig. 416 and 417)
- carotid and cerebral arteries *see* arteries, carotid and cerebral
- carotid-cavernous fistula 58–59
- carotid endarterectomy 58 (Fig. 143), 209
- cataract 1, 156, 158–167, 196
- cavernous sinus 29, 59–60
 - thrombosis 58–59
- central serous chorioretinopathy 193
- chalazion 82
- cholesterol 182, 209, 210
- choroid 137–140, 191–193, (Fig. 462 and 463)
- choroiditis *see* uveitis, posterior
- ciliary body (processes and muscle) 117, 132, 137, 138, 146, 147, 163, 164, 168
- color vision 44, 56
- CT (computed tomography) scanning 83, 151
- conjunctiva 108
 - chemosis (edema) 108
 - concretions 110
 - follicles 75, 111
 - hemorrhage 109
- conjunctivitis 96, 97, 111, 143, 144
 - allergic 113, 114
 - bacterial 112
 - blepharoconjunctivitis 112
 - inclusion 112
 - papillary and vernal 21, 111
 - trachoma 111
 - viral 97, 112
- contact lens fitting 18–21
- cornea 21, 22, 91–108
 - abrasion 21, 22 (Fig. 55), 24 (Fig. 62), 25 (Fig. 64 and 68), 92, 93 (Fig. 242 and 243), 95

- arcus 210
- edema 91 (Fig. 241 and 371), 94, 100, 136
- endothelium 92, 100–102
- epithelium 91–100
- in refractive surgery 21–27, 165
- tomography 13, 27, 106
- transplantation 102–106
- ulceration 98–100
- cotton-wool spots *outer front cover*, 180, 194
- cranial nerves
 - abducen's nerve (CN VI) 29, 30, 38, 85, 175
 - oculomotor nerve (CN III) 29, 30 (Fig. 233), 37, 85, 91 (Fig. 240)
 - trigeminal nerve (CN V) 30, 29, 39
 - trochlear nerve (CN IV) 28–30, 38, 85 (Fig. 233), 91 (Fig. 240)
 - vestibulocochlear nerve (CN VIII) 41
- cutaneous horn 76–77
- cyclitis *see* uveitis, intermediate
- cytomegalovirus 148, 154, 155, 194 (Fig. 534)
- dacryocystitis 70
- dacryocystorhinostomy 70
- dermatochalasis 71
- dermoid tumor 107
- Descemet's membrane 91, 102–103
- diabetic retinopathy 3, 176–178, 183–186 (Fig. 571)
- diplopia 2, 32, 36, 88
- Down's syndrome 106
- drusen
 - optic disk 173, 174, 174 (Fig. 473), 176 (Fig. 479 and 480)
 - retinal (Fig. 484), 188–189 (Fig. 484), 194 (Fig. 535 and 537), 195 (Fig. 504)
- dry eye disease (DED) (Schirmer and tear breakup time tests) 61–67
- ectropion 71
- Ehlers–Danlos syndrome 194 (Fig. 539)
- endophthalmitis 99 (Fig. 262 and 263), 166
- enophthalmos 85, 88–89
- entropion 72, 112
- enucleation 141, 156, 198
- epidermoid inclusion cyst 75–76
- epiphora 3, 67–70
- epiretinal membrane 204–204
- episcleritis 115
- esophoria 31
- esotropia 31–34 (Fig. 105–107)
- exophoria 31
- exophthalmos 3, 59 (Fig. 145), 84–88
- exotropia 31–32, 37 (Fig. 98–100)
- eye muscles and movement 28–37 (Fig. 2), 36–37 (Fig. 97), 85–86 (Fig. 128)
- Fabry's disease 7 (Fig. 14)
- facial nerve 30–31 (Fig. 251), 40–41
- filamentary keratitis 97
- floater 1, 199–201
- fluorescein angiography 172, 173 (Fig. 470), 175 (Fig. 477A), 177 (Fig. 483 and 484), 183 (Fig. 499), 184 (Fig. 502), 189 (Fig. 521), 193 (Fig. 530)
- fracture of orbit 88
- Fuchs' dystrophy 101
- fusion 33
- ganglion cells 44 (Fig. 510), 121–125
- giant cell arteritis 45–47 (Fig. 121)
- glaucoma 1, 35, 117–136
 - angle-closure 133–136, 143–144
 - congenital 136
 - inflammatory 143
 - open-angle 117–132
 - pigmentary 114, 134
 - pseudoexfoliation 134
 - rubeosis iridis 141
 - Sturge–Weber syndrome 136
 - traumatic iris recession 134, 135
 - treatment 124–134 (Fig. 370 and 345)
- gonioscopy 119, 120, 141 (Fig. 345, 346, 387), 142 (Fig. 389 and 469)
- Grave's disease 3, 72, 87
- hallucination 3
- headache 2, 29, 37, 84
- hemangioma 76, 77
- herpes simplex keratitis 98, 148, 154
- herpes zoster dermatitis (shingles) 40, 148
- histoplasmosis 148, 152 (Fig. 409), 191 (Fig. 524)
- Horner's syndrome 49–50
- hydroxychloroquine 4

- ul style="list-style-type: none; padding-left: 0;">
- hyperopia (farsightedness) 11, 35 (Fig. 96), 133 (Fig. 328, 329)
- hypertensive retinopathy 177–180 (Fig. 486, 487, 488A)
- hyphema 135
- hypopyon 99 (Fig. 262), 100, 166 (Fig. 456)
- hypotropia (hypertropia) 32, 36–38 (Fig. 100, 104), 88 (Fig. 226 and 232)
- idiopathic intracranial hypertension 48–49, 175, 176
- idiopathic orbital inflammatory syndrome 87
- inferior ophthalmic vein 29, 58, 85, 87 (Fig. 144)
- inferior orbital fissure 85
- inferior rectus muscle 28, 30, 85, 88
- infraorbital nerve 39, 85, 88
- iritis and iridocyclitis *see* uveitis, anterior
- jaundice 116
- Kaposi's sarcoma 154, 155
- keratitic precipitates 143, 144, 150 (Fig. 393, 394, 396, 399)
- keratitis 94, 95, 97, 98
- keratoacanthoma 76 (Fig. 193)
- keratoconus 13 (Fig. 43), 18, 105–107
- keratometry 18, 26 (Fig. 73, 287)
- kernicterus (jaundice) 116
- lacrimal system 61, 62 (Fig. 151)
- lagophthalmos 95
- LASIK surgery *see* refractive surgery, LASIK
- lateral rectus muscle 4 (Fig. 2), 28, 30 (Fig. 105–107), 38, 85 (Fig. 221), 86 (Fig. 225)
- lens 91 (Fig. 239), 158–167
- leprosy 78
- levator palpebral muscle 28, 30, 37, 73, 85
- lice on eyelashes 74, 80
- lid cellulitis 82–87
- light sensitivity (photophobia) 2, 94, 97, 142, 146, 158
- limbus 19, 22, 92, 93 (Fig. 244), 191 (Fig. 526), 199
- lymphangiectasia 109
- Lyme disease 115, 148
- lymph nodes 61, 96, 109, 112, 113
- lymphoma leukemia 88 (Fig. 229B), 148, 192 (Fig. 528), 200
- macula 168–171, 175 (Fig. 478), 181 (Fig. 490), 190 (Fig. 523), 195 (Fig. 544), 205 (Fig. 562 and 568–572)
- macular degeneration 188–192
- macular edema 180–184, 190–191, 203, 205 (Fig. 478, 562)
- macular hole 204–205 (Fig. 562, 563 and 571)
- macular pucker 203–204
- MRI (magnetic resonance imaging) 45, 48, 49, 56 (Fig. 140), 84
- Marcus Gunn pupil 45, 176
- medial rectus muscle 4 (Fig. 2), 28, 30, 34, 37 (Fig. 99)
- meibomian glands 62, 63, 80–82
- melanoma 114, 139–141
- melanosis oculi 114, 134
- meningioma 47–48, 88
- migraine 2, 56–57
- molluscum contagiosum 74, 75
- Müller's muscle 30, 49, 72 (Fig. 126, 177) *see also* Grave's disease
- multiple sclerosis 45, 148, 149
- muscles (extraocular) 4 (Fig. 2–3), 28, 30–31, 34, 36–41, 73–74, 85, 86
- myasthenia gravis 74
- myelinated nerve fibers 43 (Fig. 115 and 474), 45 (Fig. 120), 173, 174
- myokymia 40
- myopia (nearsightedness) 11–12, 116, 173 (Fig. 472A), 174 (Fig. 472B), 191 (Fig. 524)
- nasolacrimal duct 61, 69–70
- near point of convergence 33
- nematodes (*Toxocara*, *Onchocerca*) 153, 149
- neurofibromatosis 77, 78
- nevi 75, 114, 141
- nystagmus 41–42, 195
- OCT (optical coherence tomography) 173 (Fig. 475), 180–182, 184–186, 189–191, 193, 196, 203–205
- oculomotor nerve (CN III) 29–30, 36–37 (Fig. 144, 221), 85

- ul style="list-style-type: none; padding-left: 0;">
- ophthalmic artery and vein 29, 59–60, 85, 89
- ophthalmoplegia 74 (Fig. 182 and 183), 86, 87 (Fig. 226), 88 (Fig. 232)
- ophthalmoscopy 171, 172
- optic atrophy 43, 182 (Fig 340)
- optic chiasm 29, 51, 52 (Fig. 129), 55–56 (Fig. 140)
- optic disk (papilla) 43, 120–125, 173–176 (Fig. 115)
- optic disk drusen *see* drusen, optic disk
- optic nerve 43–48, 85, 86, 120–125 (Fig. 2 and 124)
- optic neuritis and neuropathy 4, 6, 43–47, 54
 - glaucoma 177
- optics 10–13
- ora serrata 168, 172
- orbicularis oculi muscle 30–31 (Fig. 178), 40–41, 72
- orbit 83–90 (Fig. 384), 155 (Fig. 423–426)
- orbital cellulitis 33 (Fig. 87)
- orbital fat 71, 73, 83–84
- orbital septum 73, 83, 87 (Fig. 172, 173)
- osteogenesis imperfecta 116
-
- papilledema 48, 174–176
- pars plana 137 (Fig. 373, 460, 526, 527, 553–555)
- phacoemulsification 160–161, 163
- phakomatoses 77–78, 89, 167
 - anesthetics, in patients 89
 - with Sturge–Weber syndrome 167 (Fig. 199)
- photophobia (light sensitivity) 2, 94–95, 142, 158, 195
- pinguecula 109
- pituitary gland 29, 47, 55–56
- posterior cerebral artery *see* arteries, carotid and cerebral
- presbyopia 13, 20 (Fig. 50, 448–449)
- prism testing 34–35
- proptosis 3–4, 85–88
 - see also* exophthalmos
- pseudostrabismus 34
- pseudoxanthoma elasticum 194, 195
- pterygium 108
- ptosis 37 (Fig. 100), 72–73
- puncta 61, 66 (Fig. 159, 160), 68
-
- pupil 5 (Fig. 9), 37, 49, 50, 52 (Fig 129 and 364), 53
 - Adie's pupil 51
 - Argyll Robertson pupil 153
 - Marcus Gunn 45 (Fig 119)
-
- reactive arthritis (formerly Reiter's syndrome) 147, 148
- refraction 14
- refractive surgery, 21
 - Corneal limbal relaxing surgery 26–27, 165
 - LASIK (laser in situ keratomileusis) 23–26
 - lens implants 26
 - SMILE surgery 26
- Reiter's syndrome *see* reactive arthritis
- retina 43, 168–208
- retinal artery *see* arteries, retinal
- retinal artery occlusion 181–183, 209
- retinal blood vessel disease 176
- retinal detachment (RD) 179, 184, 202, 206–208
- retinal drusen *see* drusen, retinal
- retinal exudates *outer front cover*, 183, 194, 209
- retinal hemorrhages 180, 183–184, 187, 202
- retinal hole 204–205
- retinal vein occlusion 180–181 (Fig. 512)
- retinitis pigmentosa 196–197
- retinoblastoma 198
- retinopathy
 - diabetic 183–188
 - hypertensive 179, 180
 - of prematurity 198–199
- rheumatoid arthritis 4, 115–116, 149
- rubeosis iridis 141
-
- sarcoidosis 150–153 (Fig. 394), 149–151
- sclera 3, 115–116
- scleral staphyloma 93 (Fig. 244), 116 (Fig. 317)
- scleritis 115
- scotoma 54–57 (Fig. 131, 132)
- seborrhoeic keratosis 75 (Fig. 179)
- shingles 40, 147, 148
- sickle cell disease 177–178
- sinus cavities and sinusitis 2, 83–87
- Sjögren's syndrome 4, 64, 149
- slit lamp 91

- ul>
- squamous cell carcinoma 76
- Stevens–Johnson syndrome 6, 64, 110
- strabismus 2, 31–39
- stroke 51, 57, 58, 181–183, 209
- Sturge–Weber syndrome 77, 89, 136, 167
- sty 82
- superior oblique muscle 28, 30, 38 (Fig. 97), 85
- superior orbital vein 29, 59, 85
- superior orbital fissure 85
- superior rectus muscle 28, 30, 37, 85
- surgery
 - carotid endarterectomy 58–59, 209
 - cataract 158–167
 - corneal transplant 102–106
 - enucleation 155–157
 - epiretinal membrane 203
 - glaucoma 128–134
 - ptosis 72–73
 - retinal detachment 206–209
 - strabismus 34
 - tarsorrhaphy 41
 - vitrectomy 199–200
 - see also refractive surgery
- symblepharon 6, 110–111
- sympathetic nerve 29, 49
- sympathetic ophthalmia 155
- syphilis 115, 153, 149
- systemic lupus erythematosus 5 (Fig. 5), 149
- tarsus 72, 73, 83, 87
- tearing (epiphora) 3, 67
- thrombosis, cavernous sinus 58–59
- thyroid disease 3, 72, 87
- tonometers 118, 119
- toxoplasmosis 152, 154, 149
- trabecular meshwork 117–120, 127, 128 (Fig. 346–349), 131, 134
- trachoma 111–112
- transient ischemic attack (ministroke) 1–2, 29, 56–58, 209–210
- trauma
 - anterior uveitis 143, 148, 147, 155
 - cornea 21–22, 24 (Fig. 66), 93, 94, 97
 - dislocated lens 89 (Fig. 234), 165, 166 (Fig. 453–455 and 457), 202 (Fig. 560 and 561)
 - hemorrhage, retinal and vitreous 201 (Fig. 560–561)
 - hyphema 135
 - lid laceration 68 (Fig. 435)
 - open globe 23 (Fig. 59), 160 (Fig. 435), 155, 156
 - trichiasis 72 (Fig. 252), 87, 93 (Fig. 243), 97
 - trigeminal nerve (CN V) 29, 30, 39–40, 89 (Fig. 233)
 - trigeminal neuralgia, 40
 - trochlear nerve (CN IV) 28–30, 38, 85
 - tuberculosis 149, 152
 - tuberous sclerosis 77
 - ultrasound 140, 162, 176, 201, 202 (Fig. 560)
 - uvea (iris, ciliary body and choroid) 49 (Fig. 119–125), 137–157
 - uveitis 142–145
 - anterior (iritis) 142–144
 - intermediate (cyclitis, vitritis) 142, 144, 149
 - posterior (choroiditis) 142, 152, 201
 - VEGF (vascular endothelial growth factor) 177–178, 180, 184, 191–192
 - verruca (papilloma warts) 74–75 (Fig. 187), 110 (Fig. 302)
 - vertebral artery 29, 56
 - vertigo 41, 42
 - vestibulocochlear nerve (CN VIII) 41
 - vision, color 44, 56
 - vision testing (central) 9–17, 52–54 (Fig. 131–132), 211 (Fig. 590)
 - visual cortex 52 (Fig. 129), 55 (Fig. 138), *inner back cover*
 - visual field testing (peripheral) 52–55, 122, 125, 175–176 (Fig. 545)
 - visual pathway 29, 43, 51, 52 (Fig. 129), *inner back cover*
 - vitamin A 64 (Fig. 155), 175, 188
 - vitrectomy 199–200
 - vitreous 199–204
 - vitreous detachment 199, 201–202
 - vitreous hemorrhage 177 (Fig. 482, 483, 503), 187 (Fig. 509, 549)
 - Wilson’s disease 107
 - Wirt stereopsis test 33
 - xanthelasma 210 (Fig. 548)