

Contents

List of contributors	IX
Notes on the contributors	XI
Preface	XXI

Part I Single Light Scattering

1 Polar nephelometers for light scattering by ice crystals and aerosols: design and measurements

<i>Brian Barkey, Suzanne Paulson and Kuo-Nan Liou</i>	3
1.1 Introduction	3
1.2 Measuring the intensity of scattered light	5
1.2.1 Geometry	5
1.2.2 Beam considerations	9
1.2.3 Stray light	9
1.3 Polar nephelometer designs and some measurements	10
1.3.1 Goniometer-type polar nephelometers	10
1.3.2 Multi-detector polar nephelometers	13
1.3.3 Elliptical mirror polar nephelometers	13
1.3.4 Calibration	15
1.3.5 Applications	16
1.4 UCLA polar nephelometer	20
1.4.1 Instrument description	21
1.4.2 Method of GA refractive index retrieval	22
1.4.3 Noise/accuracy analysis	24
1.4.4 GA retrieval of the imaginary index	27
References	32

2 Light scattering by irregularly shaped particles with sizes comparable to the wavelength

<i>Evgenij S. Zubko</i>	39
2.1 Introduction	39
2.2 Modeling light scattering by irregularly shaped particles	41
2.2.1 Models of irregularly shaped particles	41
2.2.2 The DDA method and parameters	44
2.2.3 Averaging of light scattering characteristics	45

2.3	Comparative study of light scattering by irregular particles with different morphology	46
2.3.1	Comparison of integral parameters of light scattering by irregularly shaped particles with different morphology	47
2.3.2	Comparison of differential parameters of light scattering by irregularly shaped particles with different morphology	54
2.4	Conclusion	70
	References	71
 3 Finite-difference time-domain solution of light scattering by arbitrarily shaped particles and surfaces		
	<i>Wenbo Sun, Gorden Videen, Qiang Fu, Stoyan Tanev, Bing Lin, Yongxiang Hu, Zhaoyan Liu, and Jianping Huang</i>	75
3.1	Introduction	75
3.2	Finite-difference time-domain method for light scattering by particles ..	75
3.2.1	Scattered/total-field finite-difference time-domain method	76
3.2.2	Incident wave source conditions for open dielectric medium space	79
3.2.3	Uniaxial perfectly matched layer absorbing boundary condition	82
3.2.4	Formulation of the single scattering properties	86
3.2.5	Numerical results	91
3.3	FDTD method for electromagnetic beam interaction with surfaces	94
3.3.1	Scattered-field finite-difference time-domain method	98
3.3.2	Scattered-field uniaxial perfectly matched layer absorbing boundary condition	100
3.3.3	Numerical results	104
3.4	Summary	108
	References	109
 4 Advances in finite-difference time-domain calculation methods		
	<i>James B. Cole, Naoki Okada, and Saswatee Banerjee</i>	115
4.1	Advances in nonstandard finite-difference time-domain theory and its implementation	115
4.1.1	Standard versus nonstandard FDTD	115
4.1.2	Wave equation for the scattered field and its NS-FD model	119
4.1.3	Extension to the absorbing wave equation	121
4.1.4	Maxwell's equations for the scattered-field and improved NS-Yee algorithm	123
4.1.5	Extension to the linearly conducting Maxwell's equations	127
4.1.6	Verifications and practical tests	129
4.1.7	Supplementary derivations	130
4.1.8	Summary of nonstandard FDTD methods	137
4.2	High-accuracy simulation of whispering gallery modes	137
4.2.1	Whispering gallery modes	137
4.2.2	Infinite cylindrical WGMs	138
4.2.3	Grid representations	141
4.2.4	WGM simulation	144
4.2.5	Coupled wave equation approach	146

4.3	A quasi-stable FDTD algorithm for dispersive materials to compute optical characteristics of subwavelength metal gratings	149
4.3.1	Computing light propagation in dispersive materials	149
4.3.2	RC-FDTD	152
4.3.3	Algorithm stability	159
4.3.4	Simulating subwavelength gratings	162
4.3.5	Summary	171
4.4	Summary and Conclusions	172
	References	173

Part II Radiative Transfer and Remote Sensing

5 Radiative Transfer in Coupled Systems

	<i>Knut Stamnes and Jakob J. Stamnes</i>	179
5.1	Introduction	179
5.2	Inherent optical properties	180
5.3	Basic Theory	182
5.3.1	Radiative transfer equation	182
5.3.2	Discrete-ordinate solution of the radiative transfer equation ...	185
5.3.3	Monte Carlo simulations	187
5.3.4	Impact of surface roughness on remotely sensed radiances	189
5.4	Applications	194
5.4.1	Coupled atmosphere–water systems	194
5.4.2	Coupled atmosphere–snow–ice systems	201
5.4.3	Coupled air–tissue systems	211
5.5	Summary	228
	References	231

6 Airborne measurements of spectral shortwave radiation in cloud and aerosol remote sensing and energy budget studies

	<i>Sebastian Schmidt and Peter Pilewski</i>	239
6.1	Introduction	239
6.2	Instrumentation, radiative quantities, and models	241
6.2.1	Spectrometer versus multi-channel filter-radiometer	241
6.2.2	Solar spectral flux radiometer	242
6.2.3	Radiative quantities	245
6.2.4	Radiative transfer models	246
6.3	The value of spectral resolution for cloud retrievals	246
6.3.1	Reflectance from mixed-phase clouds	247
6.3.2	Cloud spectroscopy with transmitted radiance	249
6.3.3	Spectral information content and error analysis	254
6.3.4	Aerosols above clouds	256
6.4	Constraining spectral aerosol radiative forcing	258
6.5	The spectral signature of heterogeneous clouds	263
6.5.1	The spectral consistency approach	265
6.5.2	Observing and modeling 3D cloud effects – apparent absorption	267
6.5.3	Attributing cloud absorption to causes	271

6.6	Heterogeneous clouds and aerosols	274
6.7	Summary	280
	References	282
7	The retrieval of snow characteristics from optical measurements	
	<i>Alexander A. Kokhanovsky and Vladimir V. Rozanov</i>	289
7.1	Introduction	289
7.2	Forward model	289
7.3	The information content of snow spectral reflectance	290
	7.3.1 Theory	290
	7.3.2 Results	293
7.4	Retrieval algorithm: FORCE	303
	7.4.1 Theory	303
	7.4.2 Synthetic retrievals	309
	7.4.3 Application of the algorithm to MERIS data	315
7.5	Conclusions	321
	Appendix. The relationship between different retrieval approaches based on the asymptotic radiative transfer theory	326
	References	328
	Index	333