

Contents

Acknowledgements — V

Abbreviations and glossing conventions — XXI

Chapter 1

The Bunaq language and its speakers — 1

- 1.1 Introduction: locating the Bunaq — 1
- 1.2 Language names — 3
- 1.3 Historical setting: Extent and dispersal of the Bunaq — 4
 - 1.3.1 Bunaq in West Timor — 5
 - 1.3.1.1 Bunaq in northern Belu — 6
 - 1.3.1.2 Bunaq in southern Belu — 8
 - 1.3.2 Bunaq in East Timor — 8
 - 1.3.2.1 Bunaq in Bobonaro and Zumalai — 8
 - 1.3.2.2 Bunaq in western Covalima — 9
 - 1.3.2.3 Bunaq in Ainaro and Manufahi — 10
 - 1.3.3 The Bunaq homeland — 12
- 1.4 Sociolinguistic setting: numbers, vitality, and bilingualism — 13
- 1.5 Bunaq dialects — 14
- 1.6 Genealogical affiliations — 17
 - 1.6.1 Low-level affiliations — 17
 - 1.6.2 High-level affiliations — 19
- 1.7 Borrowing and influence — 21
 - 1.7.1 Borrowings from Central Timor — 22
 - 1.7.2 Tetun borrowings and calques — 24
 - 1.7.3 Borrowings from unknown Austronesian sources — 29
- 1.8 Ritual language: parallelism — 30
- 1.9 Linguistic type — 31
 - 1.9.1 Typological overview — 31
 - 1.9.2 Bunaq as a Papuan language — 32
- 1.10 Previous work — 36
- 1.11 This work: Fieldwork and data — 37
 - 1.11.1 Fieldwork — 37
 - 1.11.2 Kinds of data — 38

Chapter 2

Phonology and morphophonology — 40

- 2.1 Introduction — 40
- 2.2 Phoneme inventory — 40
 - 2.2.1 Vowel phonemes — 40

2.2.2	Diphthong phonemes —	41
2.2.3	Consonant phonemes —	43
2.2.3.1	Voiceless stops —	45
2.2.3.2	Voiced stops —	46
2.2.3.2.1	/b/ —	46
2.2.3.2.2	/d/ —	46
2.2.3.2.3	/g/ —	47
2.2.3.3	Fricatives —	48
2.2.3.4	Voiceless palato-alveolar affricate —	49
2.2.3.5	Liquids —	51
2.2.3.6	Nasals —	51
2.2.3.7	Approximant —	52
2.2.3.8	Glottal stop —	53
2.2.4	Phoneme adaptation in loans —	54
2.3	Phonotactics —	57
2.3.1	Syllable structure —	57
2.3.2	Word templates —	58
2.3.3	Phoneme distribution —	60
2.3.4	Cluster constraint violations —	61
2.3.4.1	Consonant clusters in loans —	61
2.3.4.2	Consonant clusters in native words —	62
2.3.5	Vowel sequences —	63
2.3.6	Phonetic glide insertion between VV sequences —	64
2.3.7	Glottal stop as boundary marker —	65
2.4	Stress —	66
2.5	Morphophonology —	69
2.5.1	Prefixation —	69
2.5.1.1	Vowel harmony —	69
2.5.1.2	Vowel deletion —	70
2.5.1.3	Metathesis —	70
2.5.1.4	Loss of initial /h/ —	73
2.5.2	Suffixation with <i>-wen</i> —	73
2.5.3	Reduplication —	74
2.5.3.1	Full reduplication and repetition —	74
2.5.3.2	Partial reduplication —	75
2.5.3.3	Reduplication with vowel changes —	76
2.6	Irregularities in prefixation —	77
2.6.1	Irregular prefixes —	77
2.6.2	Irregular roots —	78
2.6.2.1	Root reduction —	78
2.6.2.2	Root mutation —	79

- 2.6.2.3 Initial consonant alternations — 80
- 2.7 Orthography — 81

Chapter 3

Word classes — 83

- 3.1 Introduction — 83
- 3.2 Nouns — 83
 - 3.2.1 Nominal compounds — 85
 - 3.2.1.1 Left-headed compounds — 85
 - 3.2.1.2 Right-headed compounds — 86
 - 3.2.1.3 Nominal coordinative compounds — 88
- 3.3 Verbs — 90
 - 3.3.1 Lack of an adjective class — 91
 - 3.3.2 Verbal coordinative compounds — 94
- 3.4 Noun-verb conversion — 96
- 3.5 Minor word classes — 97
 - 3.5.1 Pronouns — 97
 - 3.5.2 Interrogatives — 99
 - 3.5.3 Locationals — 101
 - 3.5.4 Determiners — 104
 - 3.5.5 Numerals — 105
 - 3.5.5.1 Excursus on the numeral *uen* 'one' — 109
 - 3.5.6 Postpositions — 110
 - 3.5.7 Interjections — 111
- 3.6 Problems in the classification of the lexicon — 113
 - 3.6.1 Verbal postpositions — 113
 - 3.6.2 Quantificational items in the NP — 116
 - 3.6.3 Adverbs — 117
 - 3.6.4 Clause conjunctions — 118

Chapter 4

The clause — 121

- 4.1 Introduction — 121
- 4.2 Verbal clauses — 121
 - 4.2.1 Monovalent clauses — 122
 - 4.2.2 Bivalent clauses — 124
 - 4.2.3 Trivalent clauses — 126
 - 4.2.4 Verbal clauses with unmarked obliques — 128
 - 4.2.5 Summary — 130
- 4.3 Non-verbal clauses — 131
 - 4.3.1 Nominal clauses — 131

4.3.2	Postpositional clauses — 132
4.3.3	Possessive clauses — 133
4.3.4	Clauses with complex predicates of physical, emotional, and character traits — 134
4.4	Peripheral constituents in the clause — 137
4.5	Negative clauses — 139
4.5.1	Clausal negation with <i>niq</i> 'NEG' — 139
4.5.2	Other negators — 141
4.6	Non-declarative clauses — 142
4.6.1	Imperatives — 142
4.6.1.1	Imperatives and hortatives with <i>naq</i> 'PRIOR' — 143
4.6.1.2	Invitations/permissions with <i>mal</i> 'go' — 144
4.6.1.3	Responses to imperatives — 145
4.6.2	Questions — 146
4.6.2.1	Information questions — 146
4.6.2.2	Polar questions — 148
4.6.2.2.1	Unmarked polar questions — 148
4.6.2.2.2	Questions soliciting agreement with <i>=e</i> 'AGREE' — 149
4.6.2.2.3	Alternative questions with <i>=ka</i> 'OR' — 149
4.6.2.2.4	Monitoring the addressee questions with <i>=to</i> 'CONF' — 150
4.6.2.2.5	Answers to polar questions — 151
4.6.3	Exclamatives — 152
4.7	Pragmatic variation in the clause — 154
4.7.1	Variation in argument realisation — 154
4.7.1.1	Anaphoric elision — 154
4.7.1.2	Zero pro of generic/non-referential As: a functional passive? — 157
4.7.2	Variation in word order — 160
4.7.2.1	Dislocation — 160
4.7.2.1.1	Left-dislocation — 162
4.7.2.1.2	Right-dislocation — 163
4.7.2.2	Fronting and other clause-internal word order variation — 165
4.7.2.3	Animacy effects on word order — 168
4.7.3	Variation in bivalent verb agreement — 171
4.7.4	Discourse markers — 174
4.7.4.1	Relator enclitics — 175
4.7.4.1.1	<i>=bu</i> 'GIVEN' — 175
4.7.4.1.2	<i>=be</i> 'CONTEXP' — 177
4.7.4.2	Focus enclitics — 179
4.7.4.2.1	<i>=o</i> 'AND' — 180
4.7.4.2.2	<i>=sa</i> 'EVEN' — 181
4.7.4.2.3	<i>=na</i> 'FOC' — 182

Chapter 5

Noun phrases — 184

- 5.1 Noun phrase structure — 184
- 5.2 Nominal classification — 185
 - 5.2.1 Overview of noun class agreement targets — 186
 - 5.2.2 Nouns referring to animates — 186
 - 5.2.3 Nouns referring to inanimates — 188
 - 5.2.3.1 Nouns referring to entities with animate-like properties — 189
 - 5.2.3.2 Nouns referring to edible plant cultivars — 190
 - 5.2.3.3 Nouns referring to items of human production — 192
 - 5.2.3.4 Nouns referring to oral and written forms of literature — 193
 - 5.2.3.5 Nouns referring to items of clothing and jewellery — 193
 - 5.2.3.6 Nouns referring to money and currency — 194
 - 5.2.3.7 Nouns referring to rocks and hard items — 195
 - 5.2.4 Noun class reassignment — 195
 - 5.2.4.1 Reassignment in reference to groups of animates — 195
 - 5.2.4.2 Reassignment in reference to controlled natural elements — 196
 - 5.2.4.3 Reassignment in reference to plants — 197
- 5.3 N_{MOD} modifiers of N_{HEADS} — 199
 - 5.3.1 Inalienably possessed nouns as N_{MODS} — 200
 - 5.3.2 An agreeing N_{MOD} — 202
- 5.4 Attributive verbs and relative clauses — 203
 - 5.4.1 Attributive verbs and non-restrictive relative clauses — 203
 - 5.4.2 Restrictive relative clauses — 205
 - 5.4.3 NP accessibility to relativisation — 206
 - 5.4.3.1 Unmarked obliques as RC heads — 206
 - 5.4.3.2 NP complements of verbal postpositions as RC heads — 207
 - 5.4.3.2 NP complements of postpositions as RC heads — 207
 - 5.4.3.4 Possessors as RC heads — 208
- 5.5 Indefiniteness marking — 208
 - 5.5.1 *uen* ‘one’ — 209
 - 5.5.2 *bun* ‘INDEF’ — 210
- 5.6 Nominal quantification — 212
 - 5.6.1 Numerals and numeral classifiers — 212
 - 5.6.1.1 Numeral classifier construction — 212
 - 5.6.1.2 QUANT + *uen* ‘one’ construction — 213
 - 5.6.2 Human plurality: *halaqi* ‘3PL’ — 214
 - 5.6.3 Quantificational *mil* ‘inside’ — 216
 - 5.6.3.1 Human collective — 216
 - 5.6.3.2 Temporal duration — 217
 - 5.6.4 Animate group plural: *g-inil* ‘3AN-name’ — 218

5.6.5	Animal group plural: <i>g-omoq</i> '3AN-udder' — 219
5.6.6	Partitive plural: <i>waqen</i> 'PART.PL' — 220
5.6.7	Universal quantification: <i>hotu-hotu</i> 'all' — 221
5.6.8	Quantification of 'kinds' — 222
5.6.9	Distributive plurality by reduplication — 224
5.7	Nominal conjunction and disjunction — 225
5.7.1	Zero conjunction — 225
5.7.2	Conjunction with <i>=o</i> 'AND' — 226
5.7.3	Conjunction with <i>halali</i> '3DU' — 227
5.7.4	Conjunction with <i>ai</i> 'ONLY' — 228
5.7.5	Disjunction with <i>=ka</i> 'OR' — 228

Chapter 6

Pronouns and person reference — 230

6.1	Introduction — 230
6.2	Pronominal person reference — 230
6.2.1	Pronouns and person prefixes — 231
6.2.2	Pronoun and determiner combinations — 234
6.2.3	Dual versus plural number in pronouns — 235
6.2.4	Additional referential uses of pronouns — 236
6.2.4.1	Generic reference — 236
6.2.4.1.1	Generic <i>i</i> '1PL.INCL' — 236
6.2.4.1.2	Generic <i>eto</i> '2SG' — 238
6.2.4.2	Polite reference — 239
6.2.4.2.1	Superior <i>nei</i> '1PL.EXCL' — 239
6.2.4.2.2	Honorific <i>i</i> '1PL.INCL' — 241
6.2.4.2.3	Respectful <i>ei</i> '2PL' — 243
6.2.4.2.4	Polite <i>halaqi</i> '3PL' and <i>halali</i> '3DU' — 243
6.2.4.2.5	Hierarchy of polite pronoun uses — 244
6.3	Non-pronominal person reference — 245
6.3.1	Kin terms — 246
6.3.1.1	With kin — 247
6.3.1.2	With non-kin — 249
6.3.2	Personal names — 251
6.4	Summary — 253

Chapter 7

Determiners — 255

7.1	Introduction — 255
7.2	Overview of determiner functions — 256
7.3	Proximal demonstrative — 258
7.3.1	In the nominal domain — 258

7.3.1.1	Spatial use — 258
7.3.1.2	Temporal use — 259
7.3.1.3	Anaphoric use — 259
7.3.1.4	“Closeness” of relation use — 261
7.3.1.5	Non-anaphoric uses — 263
7.3.2	In the clausal domain — 264
7.3.2.1	Non-embedded use — 264
7.3.2.2	Thematic use — 265
7.3.2.3	Sentence connective use — 265
7.4	Non-proximal demonstrative — 267
7.4.1	In the nominal domain — 267
7.4.1.1	Spatial use — 267
7.4.1.2	Temporal use — 268
7.4.1.3	Anaphoric use — 269
7.4.1.4	Use in referring to a new discourse participant — 271
7.4.1.5	Use in person deixis — 272
7.4.2	In the clausal domain — 275
7.4.2.1	Non-embedded use — 275
7.4.2.2	Thematic use — 276
7.4.2.3	Sentence connective use — 277
7.5	Specifier demonstrative — 277
7.5.1	In the nominal domain — 278
7.5.1.1	Spatial use — 278
7.5.1.2	Discourse use — 280
7.5.2	In the clausal domain — 281
7.5.2.1	Non-embedded nominalisation use — 281
7.5.2.2	Thematic use — 283
7.5.2.3	Sentence connective use — 283
7.6	Contrastive demonstrative — 285
7.6.1	In the nominal domain — 285
7.6.1.1	Contrastive use — 285
7.6.1.2	Topic shift use — 287
7.6.1.3	Sequential use — 288
7.6.2	In the clausal domain — 290
7.6.2.1	Thematic use — 291
7.6.2.2	Sentence connective use — 292
7.7	Counter-expectational demonstrative — 294
7.7.1	In the nominal domain — 294
7.7.2	In the clausal domain — 296
7.8	Article — 297
7.8.1	In the nominal domain — 297
7.8.2	In the clausal domain — 300

Chapter 8

Locationals — 302

- 8.1 Introduction — **302**
- 8.2 Syntax of locational and N_{HEAD} — **303**
 - 8.2.1 Pre- N_{HEAD} use — **303**
 - 8.2.2 Post- N_{HEAD} use — **305**
 - 8.2.3 No N_{HEAD} use — **306**
 - 8.2.4 Frequency of locational uses — **307**
- 8.3 Semantics of locationals — **308**
 - 8.3.1 Elevational locationals — **308**
 - 8.3.1.1 Elevation in real-world place- and path-finding in Lamaknen — **310**
 - 8.3.2 Place locationals — **314**
 - 8.3.3 Temporal/discourse locational — **317**
 - 8.3.4 Addressee locational — **321**
- 8.4 Combining locationals — **323**
 - 8.4.1 Place locationals: here + there — **323**
 - 8.4.2 Elevational and place locationals — **324**
 - 8.4.3 Elevational locationals + addressee locational — **325**
 - 8.4.4 Temporal/discourse locational + addressee locational — **327**
- 8.5 Summary — **328**

Chapter 9

Adnominal possession and related constructions — 329

- 9.1 Introduction — **329**
- 9.2 Indirect possession — **330**
 - 9.2.1 Preposed possessors — **331**
 - 9.2.1.1 Associativity: Indirect possessor constructions without a possessum — **332**
 - 9.2.2 Postposed possessors — **334**
 - 9.2.2.1 Possessor as destination — **335**
 - 9.2.2.2 Possessor as origin — **336**
- 9.3 Direct possession — **338**
 - 9.3.1 Class I — **339**
 - 9.3.2 Class II — **341**
 - 9.3.3 Class III — **344**
 - 9.3.4 Class IV — **346**
 - 9.3.5 Class V — **347**
- 9.4 From possessive phrases to possessive compounds — **350**
- 9.5 Double possessor marking — **352**
- 9.6 Summary — **354**

Chapter 10

Verbs — 356

- 10.1 Introduction — 356
- 10.2 Bivalent verbs — 357
 - 10.2.1 Class I bivalent verbs — 357
 - 10.2.2 Class II bivalent verbs — 358
 - 10.2.3 Class III bivalent verbs — 359
 - 10.2.4 Class IV bivalent verbs — 361
 - 10.2.4.1 h-conjugation verbs — 362
 - 10.2.4.1.1 Note on /h/-initial items borrowed from Tetun — 364
 - 10.2.4.2 s-conjugation verbs — 365
 - 10.2.4.3 t-conjugation verbs — 366
 - 10.2.4.4 d-conjugation verb — 367
 - 10.2.4.5 l-conjugation verbs — 367
- 10.2.5 Bivalent verb classes with distinct agreement patterns — 368
 - 10.2.5.1 Two transport verbs: *tula* 'move' and *penen* 'shift' — 369
 - 10.2.5.2 Two keeping verbs: *lumaq* 'take care of' and *bilan* 'keep' — 370
- 10.3 Monovalent verbs — 371
 - 10.3.1 Monovalent verbs without prefixes — 372
 - 10.3.2 Monovalent verbs with prefixes — 372
- 10.4 Trivalent verbs — 374
 - 10.4.1 *h-ege* '3INAN-give' — 374
 - 10.4.2 *h-ini* '3INAN-call' — 375
- 10.5 Labile verbs — 378
 - 10.5.1 Verbs of setting — 379
 - 10.5.2 Verb of learning/teaching — 380
 - 10.5.3 Verbs of mixing — 381
 - 10.5.4 Causative labile verbs — 381
- 10.6 Verb classes with unmarked obliques — 383
 - 10.6.1 Saturation verbs — 383
 - 10.6.2 Existential verbs — 384
 - 10.6.3 Motion verbs — 386
 - 10.6.4 Verb of teaching — 387

Chapter 11

Valency-reducing morphology and deponency — 388

- 11.1 Introduction — 388
- 11.2 Prefixal deponency — 388
- 11.3 Reflexive *dV*- — 390
 - 11.3.1 Reflexive situations — 390
 - 11.3.1.1 On verbs and verbal postpositions — 390
 - 11.3.1.2 On nouns — 391

11.3.1.3	Reflexive binding with complement clauses and serial verbs —	393
11.3.2	Middle situations —	395
11.3.2.1	Spontaneous events —	395
11.3.2.2	Self-benefactive events —	397
11.3.2.3	Cognitive events —	399
11.3.2.4	Body action events —	400
11.3.2.5	Impersonal middles —	402
11.4	Reciprocal <i>tV</i> - —	403
11.4.1	Reciprocal situations —	403
11.4.1.1	On verbs —	403
11.4.1.2	On nouns —	404
11.4.2	Symmetrical states —	405
11.4.3	Iterative events —	405
11.4.4	Situations with plurality of participants —	406
11.4.4.1	Fighting events —	407
11.4.4.2	Physical contact events —	407
11.4.4.3	Gathering events —	409
11.4.4.4	Verbs of (un)joining —	410
11.4.5	Uses of <i>tV</i> - 'RECP' on verbal postpositions —	410
11.4.5.1	Joint action <i>t-erel</i> 'RECP-INS' —	411
11.4.5.2	Uniting of participants: <i>ti-ta</i> 'RECP-GL' —	412
11.4.5.3	Symmetrical participation: <i>t-o</i> 'RECP-SRC' —	413
11.5	Anticausative <i>-wen</i> —	415
11.5.1	Anticausative use —	415
11.5.2	Moderative use —	419
11.5.3	Similative use —	420

Chapter 12

Expressing peripheral NPs — 422

12.1	Introduction —	422
12.2	Postpositions —	422
12.2.1	<i>no</i> 'OBL' —	422
12.2.1.1	Locative function —	422
12.2.1.2	Temporal function —	424
12.2.2	<i>gene</i> 'LOC' —	425
12.2.3	<i>goet</i> 'LIKE' —	426
12.2.3.1	Similative function —	426
12.2.3.2	Demonstrative manner function —	427
12.2.3.3	Introducing direct speech and thought —	428
12.3	Reason <i>gie</i> 'BECAUSE' —	430
12.4	Verbal postpositions —	431
12.4.1	<i>g-utu</i> '3-COM' —	432

- 12.4.2 *dele* 'INS' — 434
- 12.4.2.1 Instrument — 434
- 12.4.2.2 Cause — 435
- 12.4.2.3 Manner — 436
- 12.4.2.4 Non-controlling comitants — 436
- 12.4.3 *a-ta* '3INAN-GL' — 437
- 12.4.3.1 Goal — 438
- 12.4.3.2 Interest — 439
- 12.4.3.3 Motive — 440
- 12.4.4 *g-o* '3-SRC' — 441
- 12.4.4.1 Human source — 441
- 12.4.4.2 Point of relation/comparison — 442
- 12.4.4.3 Maleficiary — 444
- 12.4.4.4 Addressee — 445
- 12.4.5 *h-otol* '3INAN-WITHOUT' — 445
- 12.4.6 *h-ege* '3INAN-BEN' — 447
- 12.4.6.1 Beneficiary — 447
- 12.4.6.2 Addressee — 448
- 12.4.6.3 Theme of a cognitive event — 449
- 12.4.7 *h-os* '3INAN-WAIT' — 450
- 12.4.8 *h-onogo* '3INAN-SEPARATE' — 451

Chapter 13

Serial verb constructions — 452

- 13.1 Introduction — 452
- 13.2 Properties of Bunaq SVCs — 452
- 13.3 Syntactic types of SVCs in Bunaq — 455
- 13.4 Causative serialisation — 456
- 13.5 Resultative serialisation — 458
- 13.6 Manner serialisation — 459
- 13.6.1 Participant-oriented manner serialisation — 460
- 13.6.2 Event-oriented manner serialisation — 461
- 13.7 Intensifying serialisation — 462
- 13.8 Aspectual serialisation — 464
- 13.8.1 Serialisation with *haqal* 'finished' — 464
- 13.8.1.1 Completed action — 465
- 13.8.1.2 Complete state — 466
- 13.8.1.3 "Complete" quantification — 467
- 13.8.2 Serialisation with *liol* 'continue' — 468
- 13.8.2.1 Continuous action — 469
- 13.8.2.2 Immediate action — 470
- 13.8.3 Frequent action with *des* 'still' — 470

- 13.8.4 Persistent action with *cilug* 'rest' — 472
- 13.9 Motion serialisation — 472
- 13.9.1 Origin-Motion-Goal SVCs — 473
- 13.9.2 Reversive motion SVCs — 477
- 13.9.3 Directional SVCs — 478

Chapter 14

Verbal and clausal modifiers — 481

- 14.1 Introduction — 481
- 14.2 Preverbal modification — 481
 - 14.2.1 Modal adverbs — 482
 - 14.2.1.1 *misti* 'must' — 482
 - 14.2.1.2 *sala* 'should' — 483
 - 14.2.1.3 *asal* 'necessarily' — 484
 - 14.2.1.4 *hilaq* 'surprisingly' — 485
 - 14.2.1.5 *hele* 'perhaps' — 486
 - 14.2.1.6 *kalaq* 'maybe' — 487
 - 14.2.1.7 *hani* 'PROH' — 488
 - 14.2.2 Manner adverbs — 489
 - 14.2.2.1 *nor* 'aimlessly' — 489
 - 14.2.2.2 *naqi* 'simply' — 489
 - 14.2.3 Temporal adverbs — 490
 - 14.2.4 Negative reinforcers — 491
- 14.3 Postverbal modification — 492
 - 14.3.1 Postverbal adverbials — 493
 - 14.3.1.1 Postverbal nominals — 493
 - 14.3.1.1.1 Duration/distance measure nominals — 493
 - 14.3.1.1.2 Temporal/aspectual adverbs — 495
 - 14.3.1.1.3 Adverbs of addition and comparison — 496
 - 14.3.1.1.4 Intensifiers — 497
 - 14.3.1.2 Performative *on* 'DO' — 498
 - 14.3.2 Emphasis — 498
 - 14.3.2.1 Durative/progressive events — 499
 - 14.3.2.2 Causation — 501
 - 14.3.3 Prospective *gie* 'PROSP' — 502
 - 14.3.3.1 *gie oa* 'be about to' — 504
 - 14.3.3.2 *gie taq* 'just going to' — 505
 - 14.3.4 Restrictive *ai* 'ONLY' — 505
 - 14.3.5 Phasal polarity markers — 507
 - 14.3.5.1 Continuative *taq* 'still' — 508
 - 14.3.5.1.1 *niq taq* 'not yet' — 509
 - 14.3.5.1.2 *lamitive oa* 'already' — 509

- 14.3.5.2.1 *niq oa* 'no more' — 511
- 14.3.6 Information markers — 512
- 14.3.6.1 Reportative *gin* 'REPORT' — 512
- 14.3.6.2 Informative *nai* 'INFORM' — 514
- 14.3.7 Priorative *naq* 'PRIOR' — 516

Chapter 15

Multiclausal constructions — 518

- 15.1 Introduction — 518
- 15.2 Clause complementation — 518
 - 15.2.1 NP-replacing complements — 519
 - 15.2.1.1 Complements as P — 519
 - 15.2.1.2 Complements as S — 521
 - 15.2.2 Non-NP replacing complements — 523
- 15.3 Clause conjoining — 526
 - 15.3.1 Clause conjoining by juxtaposition — 526
 - 15.3.2 Clause conjoining with overt markers — 528
 - 15.3.2.1 Clause-final conjunctions — 529
 - 15.3.2.1.1 Reason conjunction: *=si* — 530
 - 15.3.2.1.2 Sequence conjunction: *soq* and *soq oa* — 531
 - 15.3.2.1.3 Relator enclitics: *=bu*, *mesaq=bu*, and *=be* — 533
 - 15.3.2.1.4 Focus enclitics: *=o*, *=sa*, *=na*, and *naq=na* — 535
 - 15.3.2.2 Borrowed clause-initial conjunctions — 537
 - 15.3.2.3 Clauses bracketed by multiple initial and final conjunctions — 538
 - 15.3.2.4 Adverbial clause joiners — 539
 - 15.3.2.5 (Verbal) postpositions used in clause conjoining — 540
 - 15.3.2.6 Verbs used in clause conjoining — 541
 - 15.4 Sentence connecting — 542
 - 15.4.1 Tail-head linkage — 542
 - 15.4.2 Demonstratives in sentence connecting — 545
 - 15.4.2.1 Anaphoric demonstratives — 545
 - 15.4.2.2 Cataphoric demonstratives — 547
 - 15.4.3 *Tebe* 'return' in sentence connecting — 548
 - 15.4.4 Sentence connectives — 549

Text Appendix — 551

References — 573

Index — 583