Contents

1	Introduction —— 1
1.1	Boiler basics — 1
1.2	Boiler types —— 2
1.3	Boiler arrangement — 3
1.4	Boiler designing sequence —— 4
2	Input data —— 6
3	Boiler heat duty —— 8
4	Required fuel —— 9
5	Forced draft fan discharge mass flow —— 10
5.1	Barometric pressure —— 10
5.2	Saturation pressure at actual temperature —— 11
5.3	Moisture in air —— 11
5.4	Total required air —— 12
5.5	Excess air —— 13
5.6	Total required combustion air —— 14
5.7	•
5.8	Standard combustion air flow —— 15
5.9	Actual combustion air flow —— 15
5.10	Forced draft fan discharge mass flow —— 16
6	FD: Fan outlet duct design —— 17
7	FD.Fan outlet duct pressure loss —— 19
8	Furnace width and length —— 21
8.1	Heat input to furnace —— 21
8.2	Burner capacity selection —— 21
8.3	Furnace width and length —— 22
9	Furnace height —— 25
9.1	Flue gas flow rate —— 25
9.2	Flue gas molecular weight —— 26
9.3	Actual flame temperature —— 26
9.4	Flue gas temperature inside furnace —— 27
9.5	Furnace pressure —— 28
96	Flue gas inlet density — 28



9.7	Flue gas volumetric flow rate — 28
9.8	Furnace height —— 29
	•
10 Fu	rnace volume —— 31
11 Fu	rnace exit temperature —— 32
11.1	Furnace volumetric heat release —— 32
11.2	Furnace heat surface area —— 32
11.3	Furnace surface heat release — 32
11.4	Beam length —— 33
11.5	Flue gas carbon dioxide vapor pressure —— 33
11.6	Flue gas water vapor pressure —— 34
11.7	Gas emissivity by carbon and water method — 34
11.8	Gas emissivity by Hottel's method —— 35
11.9	Furnace exit temperature —— 38
12 Co	mbustion nonluminous heat transfer coefficient —— 41
13 Co	mbustion convection heat transfer coefficient —— 42
13.1	Flue gas product properties —— 42
13.2	Flue gas product gas mass velocity —— 42
13.3	Flue gas product Reynolds number —— 43
13.4	Flue gas product Prandtl number —— 43
13.5	Flue gas product Nusselt number —— 43
13.6	Combustion convection heat transfer coefficient —— 4
14 Co	mbustion outside heat transfer coefficient —— 45
15 Av	erage tube metal temperature —— 46
15.1	Drum circulation water mass flow rate —— 46
15.2	Drum each tube circulation water — 46
15.3	Inside gas film resistance —— 47
15.4	Metal resistance —— 49
15.5	Outside gas film resistance —— 50
15.6	Heat flux —— 50
15.7	Temperature drop across the gas film —— 50
15.8	Temperature drop across the tube metal —— 50
15.9	Temperature drop across the steam film —— 50
15.10	Average tube metal temperature —— 51

16 Fu	rnace draft pressure drop —— 52	
16.1	Flue gas density —— 52	
16.2	Furnace volumetric flow rate —— 53	
16.3	Furnace flue gas velocity —— 53	
16.4	Head loss due to dimension change in furnace exit —— 53	
16.5	Furnace equivalent diameter —— 54	
16.6	Furnace equivalent length —— 54	
16.7	Reynolds number in furnace — 54	
16.8	Friction factor in furnace —— 55	
16.9	Furnace draft pressure drop —— 55	
47 D-	Manufacture and a second	
	iler design pressure — 56	
17.1	Steam drum saturated pressure and temperature — 56	
17.2	Steam drum first safety valve setting pressure — 56	
17.3	Steam drum second safety valve setting pressure — 57	
17.4	Boiler design pressure —— 57	
18 Su	perheater package —— 58	
19 Su	perheater tube rows and deep number —— 60	
19.1	Superheater heat duty prediction —— 60	
19.2	Superheater tube thickness — 60	
19.3	Superheater tube area —— 61	
19.4	Superheater tube rows and deep number —— 61	
20 Su	perheater convective heat transfer coefficient prediction 62	
20.1	Superheater flue gas outlet temperature prediction —— 62	
20.2	Log mean temperature difference prediction —— 62	
20.3	Superheater average flue gas temperature prediction —— 63	
20.4	Superheater average flue gas properties —— 63	
20.5	Superheater tube longitudinal and transverse pitch —— 63	
20.6	Superheater package long — 64	
20.7	Superheater primary heat surface area —— 64	
20.8	Superheater gas mass velocity —— 65	
20.9	Superheater convective heat transfer coefficient —— 65	
21 Superheater uncontrolled outlet steam temperature prediction — 66		
21.1	Superheater package performance prediction —— 66	
21.2	Superheater flue gas outlet temperature —— 68	
21.2	Superheater flue gas outlet temperature — 68	
21.4	Superheater outlet steam temperature — 68	
21.5	Each tube steam flow rate — 69	

21.6	inside gas film resistance —— 69	
21.7	Metal resistance — 71	
21.8	Outside gas film resistance —— 71	
21.9	Heat flux —— 71	
21.10	Temperature drop across the gas film — 72	
21.11	Temperature drop across the tube metal — 72	
21.12	Temperature Drop across the steam film —— 72	
21.13	Superheater uncontrolled outlet steam temperature prediction —— 72	
22 Su	perheater flue gas draft pressure drop —— 73	
22.1	Superheater flue gas density —— 73	
22.2	Superheater flue gas draft Reynolds number — 73	
23.3	Superheater flue gas draft friction factor for inline arrangement — 73	
22.4	Superheater flue gas draft pressure drop — 74	
23 Su	perheater package total steam pressure drop —— 75	
23.1	Superheater inlet header diameter — 75	
23.2	Superheater inlet header design pressure — 76	
23.3	Superheater inlet header thickness by pressure — 76	
23.4	Superheater inlet header thickness by tube holes — 76	
23.5	Superheater inlet header selected thickness — 77	
23.6	Superheater outlet header diameter & thickness — 77	
23.7	Superheater inlet header Reynolds number — 77	
23.8	Superheater inlet header friction factor —— 78	
23.9	Superheater inlet header steam pressure drop — 78	
23.10	Superheater outlet header Reynolds number — 78	
23.11	Superheater outlet header friction factor — 79	
23.12	Superheater outlet header steam pressure drop —— 79	
23.13	Superheater tube bundle Reynolds number — 79	
23.14	Superheater tube bundle friction factor —— 80	
23.15	Superheater tube bundle steam pressure drop —— 80	
23.16	Superheater package total steam pressure drop —— 80	
24 Steam and mud drum sizing —— 81		
24.1	Steam drum tube holes longitudinal and transverse pitch —— 82	
24.2	Steam drum thickness by pressure method —— 82	
24.3	Steam drum diagonal pitch —— 83	
24.4	Required longitudinal efficiency as per ASME SEC.1 PG-27.2.2 — 83	
24.5	Actual longitude efficiency as per ASME SEC.1 PG-52.4 —— 83	
24.6	Required circumferential efficiency as per ASME SEC.1 PG-52.3 — 84	
24.7	Actual circumferential efficiency as per ASME SEC.1 PG-52.3 —— 84	
24.8	Verification of the weakest ligament as per ASME SEC.1 PG-52.3 —— 84	

24.9	Diagonal efficiency as per ASME SEC.1 PG-52.3 — 84
24.10	Maximum permissible ligament as per ASME SEC.1 PG-52.3 — 85
24.11	Steam drum thickness by ligament —— 86
24.12	Steam drum selected thickness — 86
24.13	Steam drum ellipsoidal head —— 86
24.14	Mud drum selected thickness —— 88
24.15	Mud drum ellipsoidal head —— 88
	,
25 Ba	nk tube average length —— 89
25.1	Height to drilling tube inside steam drum —— 89
25.2	Height to drilling tube inside mud drum —— 90
25.3	Height between drum's center —— 90
25.4	Bank tube average length —— 91
26 Ba	ink tube heat duty prediction —— 92
27 Ba	ink tube heat surface prediction —— 94
27.1	Bank tube area width —— 94
27.2	Bank tube transverse pitch —— 95
27.3	Bank tube thickness —— 96
27.4	Bank tube area —— 96
27.5	Bank tube row number —— 96
27.6	Bank tube heat surface prediction —— 98
	eam drum outlet steam temperature —— 99
28.1	Bank tube inlet flue gas properties —— 99
28.2	Bank tube flue gas gas mass velocity —— 100
28.3	Bank tube flue gas heat transfer coefficient —— 100
28.4	Bank tube package performance prediction — 100
28.5	Bank tube bundle flue gas outlet temperature —— 102
28.6	Bank tube bundle flue gas average temperature — 102
28.7	Steam drum primary outlet steam temperature —— 102
28.8	Drum each tube circulation water —— 102
28.9	Inside gas film resistance —— 103
28.10	Metal resistance — 104
28.11	Outside gas film resistance —— 104
28.12	Heat flux —— 105
28.13	Temperature drop across the gas film —— 105
28.14	Temperature drop across the tube metal —— 105
28.15	Temperature drop across the steam film —— 105
28.16	Steam drum outlet steam temperature —— 105

ank tube bundle flue gas draft pressure drop —— 106
Bank tube bundle flue gas density —— 106
Bank tube bundle flue gas average temperature viscosity — 106
Bank tube bundle flue gas Reynolds number —— 106
Bank tube bundle flue gas friction factor —— 107
Bank tube bundle flue gas draft pressure drop —— 107
ank tube duct flue gas draft pressure drop 108
Bank tube flue gas volumetric flow rate —— 108
Bank tube flue gas velocity —— 108
Bank tube bundle exit flue gas density —— 108
Bank tube bundle exit flue gas volumetric flow rate —— 109
Bank tube bundle exit width —— 109
Head loss due to change in bank tube duct contraction —— 109
Head loss due to bank tube duct sudden contraction —— 111
Bank tube duct flue gas draft pressure drop —— 111
ank tube total flue gas draft pressure drop —— 112
ank tube area length —— 113
rnace area length —— 114
oiler exit duct flue gas draft pressure drop —— 115
Boiler exit duct dimension —— 115
Boiler exit duct flue gas density —— 115
Boiler exit duct equivalent diameter —— 115
Boiler exit duct equivalent length —— 116
Boiler exit duct flue gas Reynolds number —— 116
m 11 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Boiler exit duct flue gas friction factor —— 116
Boiler exit duct flue gas friction factor —— 116 Boiler exit duct flue gas draft pressure drop —— 116
Boiler exit duct flue gas draft pressure drop —— 116
Boiler exit duct flue gas draft pressure drop —— 116 ank tube bundle water pressure drop —— 117
Boiler exit duct flue gas draft pressure drop —— 116 ank tube bundle water pressure drop —— 117 Bank tube bundle water flow —— 117
Boiler exit duct flue gas draft pressure drop —— 116 ank tube bundle water pressure drop —— 117 Bank tube bundle water flow —— 117 Bank tube bundle water flow Reynolds number —— 118
Boiler exit duct flue gas draft pressure drop —— 116 ank tube bundle water pressure drop —— 117 Bank tube bundle water flow —— 117 Bank tube bundle water flow Reynolds number —— 118 Bank tube bundle water flow friction factor —— 118
Boiler exit duct flue gas draft pressure drop — 116 ank tube bundle water pressure drop — 117 Bank tube bundle water flow — 117 Bank tube bundle water flow Reynolds number — 118 Bank tube bundle water flow friction factor — 118 Bank tube bundle water pressure drop — 118

37 St	eam drum to superheater connection header sizing —— 122	
37.1	Steam drum to superheater pipe diameter —— 122	
37.2	Steam drum to superheater pipe thickness by pressure — 123	
37.3	Steam drum to superheater pipe length —— 123	
37.4	Steam drum to superheater pipe steam flow Reynolds number —— 124	
37.5	Steam drum to superheater pipe steam flow friction factor —— 124	
37.6	Steam drum to superheater pipe steam flow pressure drop —— 124	
38 Ec	onomizer heat duty prediction —— 125	
39 Ec	onomizer tube rows deep no. —— 126	
39.1	Required feed water pump outlet pressure — 126	
39.2	Economizer design pressure —— 127	
39.3	Economizer tube thickness —— 127	
39.4	Economizer tube area —— 127	
39.5	Economizer tubes row deep number —— 128	
40 Ec	onomizer tube arrangement —— 129	
41 Ec	onomizer tube solid or serrated fins —— 130	
42 Ec	onomizer convection heat transfer coefficient —— 133	
42.1	Economizer obstruction surface area —— 133	
42.2	Economizer gas mass velocity —— 133	
42.3	Economizer inlet flue gas properties — 133	
42.4	Economizer flue gas Reynolds number —— 134	
42.5	Economizer convection heat transfer coefficient —— 134	
43 Ec	onomizer overall heat transfer coefficient —— 139	
43.1	Economizer fin efficiency —— 139	
43.2	Economizer fin effectiveness —— 141	
43.3	Economizer overall heat transfer coefficient —— 141	
44 Economizer tubes row number —— 142		
44.1	Economizer log mean temperature difference prediction — 142	
44.2	Economizer heat surface prediction —— 142	
44.3	Economizer tubes row number —— 142	
44.4	Economizer final heat surface —— 143	

45 Ec	onomizer package performance —— 144
45.1	Economizer package performance prediction —— 144
45.2	Economizer outlet water temperature —— 145
45.3	Economizer outlet flue gas temperature —— 146
46 Ec	onomizer headers water pressure drop 147
46.1	Economizer header diameter —— 147
46.2	Economizer header design pressure —— 147
46.3	Economizer header thickness —— 148
46.4	Economizer header water flow Reynolds number —— 148
46.5	Economizer header water flow friction factor —— 148
46.6	Economizer headers water pressure drops —— 149
47 Ec	onomizer tube bundle water pressure drops —— 150
47.1	Economizer each row deep tubes length —— 150
47.2	Economizer tube bundle flow Reynolds number —— 150
47.3	Economizer tube bundle flow friction factor —— 150
47.4	Economizer tube bundle water pressure drops —— 151
48 Ec	onomizer package water pressure drop —— 152
49 Ec	onomizer package flue gas draft pressure drops —— 153
49.1	Economizer package flue gas average temperature —— 153
49.2	Economizer package flue gas density —— 153
49.3	Economizer gas side area —— 153
49.4	Economizer package flue gas draft pressure drops —— 153
50 Ec	onomizer outlet duct flue gas draft pressure drops 156
50.1	Economizer outlet duct flue gas density —— 156
50.2	Economizer outlet duct dimension —— 156
50.3	Economizer outlet duct equivalent diameter — 156
50.4	Economizer outlet duct flue gas Reynolds number — 157
50.5	Economizer outlet duct flue gas friction factor —— 157
50.6	Economizer outlet duct flue gas draft pressure drops —— 157
51 Ci	rculation ratio 158
51.1	Furnace heat absorption —— 159
51.2	Drum leaving steam enthalpy —— 159
51.3	Downcomer mass flow —— 159
51.4	Downcomer mixture enthalpy —— 160

51.5	Downcomer specific volume —— 160
51.6	Height from top of water wall to bottom —— 160
51.7	Height of water from steam drum to bottom —— 160
51.8	Boiler water available head —— 161
51.9	Boiling height —— 161
51.10	Gravity loss in boiling height —— 161
51.11	Downcomer boiling height friction loss (single phase) —— 162
51.12	Water wall except boiling height friction loss (two phase) — 164
51.13	Water wall tube acceleration loss (two phase) —— 165
51.14	Riser tube gravity loss (two phase) —— 166
51.15	Total two-phase pressure loss —— 167
51.16	Riser circuit heated tube friction loss —— 167
51.17	Total losses — 169
51.18	Circulation ratio test — 169
52 Fli	ue gas stack sizing —— 170
52.1	Flue gas stack diameter —— 171
52.2	Flue gas stack height and active height —— 171
	ue gas stack net available draft —— 173
53.1	Stack flue gas Reynolds number —— 173
53.2	Stack flue gas friction factor —— 173
53.3	Stack flue gas draft pressure drop —— 173
53.4	Stack flue gas available draft — 174
53.5	Stack flue gas net available draft —— 174
	477
	ack outlet flue gas temperature — 175
54.1	Stack flue gas convective heat transfer coefficient —— 175
54.2	Stack heat surface loss — 175
54.3	Stack wall temperature drop across gas film — 176
54.4	Stack wall temperature drop across stack wall —— 176
54.5	Stack inner wall temperature —— 176
54.6	Stack outer wall temperature — 176
54.7	Stack outer wall heat transfer — 177
54.8	Stack flue gas temperature drop —— 177
54.9	Barometric pressure —— 177
54.10	Water dew point partial pressure —— 178
54.11	Water dew point temperature —— 178
54.12	Stack outlet flue gas temperature —— 178

56 Stack insulation thickness —— 180			
	57 F	orce draft fan electric driver —— 181	
	57.1	System gas pressure loss calculation —— 181	
	57.2	Forced draft fan test block condition —— 182	
	57.3	Forced draft fan brake horse power —— 182	
	57.4	Forced draft fan required horse power —— 183	
	57.5	Forced draft fan electric driver selection —— 183	
	58 P	ressure safety valve sizing —— 185	
	58.1	Superheater safety valve sizing —— 185	
	58.2	Boiler safety valve sizing —— 187	
	59 D	esuperheater water —— 191	
	60 B	oiler efficiency —— 192	
	60.1	Boiler efficiency based on input-output method —— 192	
	60.2	Boiler efficiency based on heat loss method —— 193	
	61 B	oiler package water weight 196	
	61.1	Furnace total tangent tubes length (before lance) —— 196	
	61.2	Bank tube package length —— 197	
	61.3	Furnace total membrane tubes length —— 197	
	61.4	Bank tube front and rear wall tubes length —— 200	
	61.5	Furnace front and rear wall tubes length —— 200	
	61.6	Bank tube total tubes length —— 201	
	61.7	Boiler tubes water weight —— 202	
	62 B	oiler package water weight —— 203	
	62.1	Steam and mud drum length —— 203	
	62.2	Mud drum water weight —— 203	
	62.3	Steam drum water weight —— 203	
	62.4	Boiler package water weight —— 204	
	63 B	oiler holdup time (retention time) —— 205	
	63.1	Maximum level fluctuation in steam drum according to demand —— 2	205
	63.2	Minimum required water up to drilling tubes inside steam drum ——	20
	63.3	Steam drum minimum diameter —— 206	
	63.4	Maximum allowable level fluctuation in steam drum —— 206	
	63.5	Maximum operating level fluctuation in steam drum —— 207	

55 Stack outlet flue gas velocity — 179

63.6	Minimum level fluctuation in steam drum —— 208	
63.7	${\bf Minimum\ required\ operating\ water\ level\ in\ steam\ drum\ -\!$	
63.8	Boiler holdup time (retention time) —— 208	
	eam and mud drum weight —— 212	
64.1	Steam drum elliptical heads weight —— 212	
64.2	Steam drum weight —— 212	
64.3	Mud drum elliptical heads weight —— 212	
64.4	Mud drum weight —— 213	
65 Fur	rnace total tube number —— 214	
66 Bo	iler total tube number —— 215	
67 Fur	rnace total tubes weight —— 216	
67.1	Furnace total tangent wall tubes weight —— 216	
67.2	Furnace membrane wall tubes weight —— 217	
67.3	Furnace front and rear wall tubes weight —— 217	
67.4	Furnace total tubes weight —— 217	
68 Fro	ont and rear wall header weight —— 218	
69 Su	perheater package weight —— 219	
69.1	Superheater tubes weight —— 219	
69.2	Superheater inlet header weight —— 220	
69.3	Superheater outlet header weight —— 220	
69.4	Superheater package weight —— 220	
70 Steam drum to superheater connection header weight —— 221		
71 Ba	nk tube package weight —— 222	
72 Ecc	onomizer package weight —— 223	
72.1	Economizer fin plates weight —— 223	
72.2	Economizer fin tubes weight —— 223	
72.3	Economizer return elbows weight —— 224	
72.4	Economizer headers weight —— 224	
72.5	Economizer pressure parts weight —— 225	
72.6	Economizer package weight —— 225	

73 Stack weight —— 226

74 Reports — 227

References — 241

Index — 243