Contents

Ab	strac	t	V
1	Intro	oduction	1
	1.1	Eye movements and fixational eye movements	3
	1.2	Saccades	7
	1.3	Microsaccades	9
	1.4	Saccade and microsaccade generation	15
	1.5	Video-based eye tracking	18
2	Det	ection of saccades and microsaccades	23
	2.1	Existing concepts	24
		2.1.1 Velocity-based detection of saccadic events	24
	2.2	Mathematical background	26
		2.2.1 Singularities, onsets and cusps	26
		2.2.2 Continuous wavelet transform	29
		2.2.3 Detection of singularities	35
	2.3	Novel detection method for saccades	40
	2.4	Detection of microsaccades	44
	2.5	Test of the detection method against surrogate data .	49
3	A m	athematical model for microsaccade shapes	53
	3.1	Existing concepts	54
		3.1.1 Characterization through the main sequence .	54
		3.1.2 Saccadic intrusions	55
	3.2	Mathematical background	55
		3.2.1 Principal component analysis	56
	3.3	Characterization of saccade shapes	
	3.4	A microsaccade shape model	
	3.5	Comparison of the model with simulations	



Contents

	3.6	Iris test lens experiment	65
	3.7	A (micro)saccade catalog	69
4	Dyn	amics in microsaccade sequences	73
	4.1	Existing concepts	74
		4.1.1 Saccadic intrusions	74
		4.1.2 Square-wave jerks	75
	4.2	Mathematical background	76
		4.2.1 Markov chains	76
		4.2.2 Symbolic dynamics	78
		4.2.3 Model selection using Bayes factor	79
	4.3	Estimating the order of Markov chains with	
		Bayes factor	80
	4.4	Markov chains for sequences of microsaccades	
	4.5	A model for sequences of microsaccade	
5	Disc	cussion	99
	5.1	Detection of saccades and microsaccades	100
	5.2	Shape model for saccadic eye movements	104
	5.3	Markov models for sequences of microsaccades	105
	5.4	Outlook	108
	5.5	Final remark	
D.	foron	1005	