
Contents

1	Introduction: Revolution and Transcendence	1
1.1	Materialism, Critique of Domination, and Critique of the Domination of Nature	3
1.2	“Philosophy that Aims to Overcome Societal Oppression Even in its More Subtle, Internalized Form”	4
1.3	Horkheimer Today	8
2	History	11
2.1	Theory of History between Chronology and Utopia	18
2.2	Critical Theory of Historical Progress	29
2.3	Glory and Misery of the Philosophy of Progress in History	31
2.4	Antisemitism and “Revolt of Nature”	36
3	Society	47
3.1	Crisis and Crisis Theory	47
3.2	Authoritarian State	66
3.3	Morality and Resistance	74
3.4	Administered World	79
4	Reason	85
4.1	Critical Theory and Philosophy	85
4.2	Language and the Problem of the General	93
4.3	Metaphysics and Religion	97
4.4	Critique of the Enlightened and Instrumental Concept of Reason	112

5	Final Consideration: Interpretations of Max Horkheimer's Social Philosophy	
	5.1 Marxism, Theology, Pessimism	123
	5.2 Paradigm debate; Objectivism or Normativism; Departure from the Model of a Dialectic of Bourgeois Society; Horkheimer vs. Pollock	128
	5.3 Summary: On the Dialectic of Humanity and Freedom	137
	References	143