

Contents

1	Lie methods in optics: an assessment	
	PETER W. HAWKES	1
1.1	The arrival of Lie methods on the optical scene; a qualitative survey	1
1.2	Pre-Lie and post-Lie	4
1.3	Concluding remarks	12
1.4	References	13
2	Holographic image processing, coherent optical computing, and neural computer architecture for pattern recognition	
	WALTER SCHEMPF	19
2.1	Introduction	20
2.2	Sequential data compression	21
2.3	Applications: CD-A, CD-ROM and CD-E	23
2.4	Parallel two-dimensional data compression	27
2.5	The holographic geometry is sub-Riemannian	29
2.6	Holographic reciprocity and coupling	30
2.7	Elementary holograms and complete bipartite graphs	31
2.8	Holographic invariants and linear optical phase conjugation	32
2.9	Cascaded acousto-optic real-time kernel implementation . .	33
2.10	Classification of pixel mappings and holographic interferometry	35
2.11	Non-linear real-time optical phase conjugation	38
2.12	The classical SAR processing architecture	38
2.13	Neural computer architecture for pattern recognition	40
2.14	Conclusions	42
2.15	Acknowledgements	43
2.16	References	43
3	Canonical integration and analysis of periodic maps using non-standard analysis and Lie methods	
	ETIENNE FOREST AND MARTIN BERZ	47
3.1	Introduction: The equation of motion	47

3.2	Conventional approach for the study of $\mathcal{G}(s; s + 1)$	48
3.2.1	Ray tracing	48
3.2.2	Normalization of $H(t)$	49
3.2.3	Conclusion on old methods	49
3.3	A new approach for the study of $\mathcal{G}(s; s + 1)$	50
3.4	Canonical integration in the symplectic group	52
3.4.1	Explicit integration in a Lie group	52
3.4.2	Implicit integration in a Lie group	53
3.4.3	Conclusion	54
3.5	Non-standard analysis and its application to map extraction	54
3.6	Normal form procedures on a power series map	58
3.6.1	A first order calculation on the Lie representation .	58
3.6.2	Conclusion: to higher order with the differential algebra tools	60
3.7	The Floquet representation and its Hamiltonian-free description	61
3.7.1	The old way: normalizing the hamiltonian	61
3.7.2	Conclusion on Hamiltonian normalization	62
3.7.3	Floquet transformation on the map	62
3.8	Acknowledgements	64
3.9	References	64

4 Concatenation of Lie Algebraic Maps

	LIAM M. HEALY AND ALEX J. DRAGT	67
4.1	Introduction	67
4.1.1	Definitions and terminology	68
4.1.2	The task of concatenation	69
4.2	Ideal structure of the Lie algebra	70
4.2.1	Homogeneous products	70
4.2.2	Inhomogeneous products	73
4.3	Lie algebraic tools	76
4.3.1	The exchange rule	76
4.3.2	Combining transformations and factoring a single transformation	77
4.4	Computation method for the concatenation formula	79
4.4.1	Putting a pair of transformations into standard factorization	80
4.4.2	Moving the first-order term	80
4.4.3	Moving second-order terms	84
4.4.4	Moving higher-order terms	85
4.5	Summary	87
4.A	A basis for the Lie algebra	88
4.B	Concatenation formulae for $N = 6$	90
4.C	The results of the separation procedure for $N = 6$	93
4.6	Acknowledgements	94

4.7	References	94
5	Dispersion-diffraction coupling in anisotropic media and ambiguity function generation	
	MOSHE NAZARATHY, JOSEPH W. GOODMAN, AND MARK KAUDERER	97
5.1	Introduction	97
5.2	Dispersion relations in linear homogeneous media	98
5.3	Plane wave spectrum representation	101
5.4	Canonical operator formulation	103
5.5	Uncoupling of anisotropy and dispersion	103
5.6	Diffraction-dispersion analogy	105
5.7	Diffraction-dispersion interaction	106
5.8	Space-time duality	109
5.9	Discussion	110
5.A	Appendix: Canonical operator algebra	111
	5.A.1 Basic operator definitions	111
	5.A.2 Notation of variables	111
	5.A.3 Operator algebra	111
5.10	References	113
6	Elements of Euclidean optics	
	KURT BERNARDO WOLF	115
6.1	Introduction	115
6.2	The bundle of rays in geometric optics	118
6.3	Lie operators on the Euclidean group	119
6.4	Generators of the Euclidean group	122
6.5	Coset spaces and rays	124
6.6	Euclidean group action on rays in geometric optics	126
6.7	The Euclidean algebra generators on rays	128
6.8	The coset space of wavefront optics	131
6.9	Helmholtz optics	133
6.10	The Hilbert space for Helmholtz optics	135
6.11	The Euclidean algebra generators in Helmholtz optics —wavization	140
6.12	The ray direction sphere under Lorentz boost transformations	144
6.13	Relativistic coma in geometric optics	146
6.14	Relativistic coma in Helmholtz wave optics	149
6.15	Reflection, refraction, and concluding remarks	154
6.16	Acknowledgements	160
6.17	References	160

7 The map between Heisenberg-Weyl and Euclidean optics is comatic

VLADIMIR I. MAN'KO AND KURT BERNARDO WOLF	163
7.1 Introduction	163
7.2 From Snell's law to the Hamilton equations	165
7.3 The paraxial régime and Heisenberg-Weyl optics	168
7.4 The opening coma map	170
7.5 The map between Heisenberg-Weyl and Euclidean free rays	173
7.6 The symplectic group on Euclidean phase space	175
7.7 The Euclidean and Lorentz groups on Heisenberg-Weyl phase space	178
7.8 Spherical aberration, coma, and point transformations in phase space	183
7.9 The Hilbert spaces for Heisenberg-Weyl and Euclidean optics	185
7.10 Plane waves and the coma kernel	187
7.11 Gaussians, non-diffracting beams, and concluding remarks .	192
7.12 Acknowledgements	195
7.13 References	195