

Index

Note: Page numbers in “*italics*” represents figures and “**bold**” represents table in text.

a

accelerated tooth
movement 187
Activa Bioactive materials 127
adhesive dentistry
102, 142
adhesive materials 106,
123, 142
BG-filled orthodontic
adhesives 132
amelogenin 26, 27, 31, 32, 33
American Association of
Orthodontists 185
American Dental Association
(ADA) 25
caries classification
system 54, 55
anchorage 186
angiogenesis 162, 166, 167
antibacterial agents 74
anticaries agents
casein phosphopeptide-
amorphous calcium
phosphate
(CPP-ACP) 74
chlorhexidine
gluconate 73–74
fluoride 67, 73
functionalised tricalcium
phosphate 74
xylitol 73–74
atraumatic restorative
treatment (ART)
18–20, **124**, 124–126,
176–177, 180

b

Behçet's disease (BD), intraoral
vaccination 92
bioactive dental
composites 126–127
bioactive glasses (BG)
45S5 bioglass 129, 131, 134
45S5F bioglass 132
53P4 bioglass 132, 134
alkali-free bioactive
glass 133
BisGMA/TEGDMA
composites 131,
133, 134
chloride-containing bioactive
glasses 131
compositions 127, **127**
dental restorative
composites 134
dental root canal sealer 134
flame-sprayed nano
particulate BG 134
fluoride-containing bioactive
glasses 129–130
fluoride-containing
phosphate-rich bioactive
glass (BAG-F) 134
network connectivity NC
model 128
one sodium-free bioactive glass
(QMMM7/CF9) 130
phosphate content 128
QMMM9 composition 130
into resin matrices 131–134,
132

sol-gel glasses 130–131, **132**
strontium-containing
bioactive glasses
128, 129
transbond XT 132, 133
Wollastonite 128
bio-demineralisation/
remineralisation 31
biodentine 164
biomineralisation 31

c

calcium hydroxyapatite 27, 27, 28
cancer, intraoral
vaccination 95, 95
caries indicator 47, 68–69
caries management by risk
assessment (CAMBRA®)
system 67–68
caries risk assessment
(CRA) tool
caries indicator 47, 68–69
caries management by risk
assessment (CAMBRA®)
system 67–68
caries protective factors 38
caries risk assessment
form 68, **69**
caries risk factors 38
Cariogram system 67
chemical therapy 68
extreme caries risk chemical
therapy 73
high caries risk chemical
therapy 72

- low caries risk chemical therapy 72
 - moderate caries risk chemical therapy 72
 - for children 0–5 years old 38, **39**
 - in children below 18 years 38, **41**
 - clinical application 57
 - definition 37
 - etiologic factors 37
 - for individuals 6 years and above 38, **40–41**
 - lesions detection 47
 - likelihood matrix 45–46, **46**
 - ‘objective or intraoral’ risk assessment 43, **44–45, 45**
 - periodic re-assessment of risk 38
 - population-level indicators 38
 - prophylactic intervention 47
 - public health interventions 38
 - risk identification factors 46–47
 - risk status classification 45, **46**
 - ‘subjective or patient-level’ risk assessment 38, **42–43, 45**
 - Cariogram system 67
 - casein phosphopeptide-amorphous calcium phosphate (CPP-ACP) 74
 - cavitation 48, 52, 54, 66, 103
 - Cention N 126
 - chemical therapy 68
 - extreme caries risk chemical therapy 73
 - high caries risk chemical therapy 72
 - low caries risk chemical therapy 72
 - moderate caries risk chemical therapy 72
 - chlorhexidine gluconate 73–74, 150
 - Cochrane Collaboration 17
 - Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews (CDSR) 19
 - Cochrane Oral Health Group (COHG) 18
 - Cochrane reviews on MID interventions 12, 17–21
 - complete caries removal technique 20
 - Critical Appraisal Skills Programme (CASP) 16
 - crowns 3, 8, 18–20, 107, 108, 113–115, 159, 176–177, 179, 179, 185
- d**
- defective restorations repair 115–116, 116
 - dental caries management atraumatic restorative treatment (ART) 18–20, **124, 124–126**
 - bioactive materials 74
 - caries imbalance 36, 36
 - caries risk assessment (CRA) tool (*see* caries risk assessment (CRA) tool)
 - clinical challenges 66–67, 67
 - complete caries removal technique 20
 - crowns 3, 8, 18–20, 107, 108, 112–114, 159, 176–177, 179, 179, 185
 - early diagnosis 2
 - enamel caries 2
 - endodontic procedures 21
 - epidemiology of 2–3, 4, 12
 - International Caries Classification and Management System (ICCMS™) 4D approach 36, 37
 - intraoral vaccination (*see* intraoral vaccination)
 - lasers/drills 20
 - lesion activity assessment 53–54, **54**
 - micro-invasive treatment, proximal caries lesions 20
 - partial caries removal technique 20–21
 - pathological factors 66
 - in pits and/or fissure 51–52, 52
 - planned replacement 2, 2
 - protective factors 36, 66, 70–71
 - restorations 2, 2
 - risk factors 36
 - biological and environmental risk factors 70
 - high and extreme risk 71
 - low risk 71
 - moderate risk 71
 - treatment cost 2
 - visual caries detection 47–49, 48, **49**
 - dental erosion 5
 - dental hard tissue mineral loss 27, 27–29, 29, 30
 - dental materials
 - bioactive dental composites 126–127
 - bioactive glasses (BG)
 - 45S5 bioglass 129, 131, 134
 - 45S5F bioglass 132
 - 53P4 bioglass 132, 134
 - alkali-free bioactive glass 133
 - BisGMA/TEGDMA composites 131, 133, 134
 - chloride-containing bioactive glasses 131
 - compositions 127, **127**
 - dental restorative composites 134
 - dental root canal sealer 134
 - flame-sprayed nano particulate BG 134
 - fluoride-containing bioactive glasses 129–130
 - fluoride-containing phosphate-rich bioactive glass (BAG-F) 134
 - network connectivity NC model 128
 - one sodium-free bioactive glass (QMMM7/CF9) 130
 - phosphate content 128
 - QMMM9 composition 130
 - into resin matrices 131–134, **132**
 - sol-gel glasses 130–131, **132**
 - strontium-containing bioactive glasses 128, 129
 - transbond XT 132, 133
 - Wollastonite 128
 - glass ionomer cements (GICs) **124, 124–126**

dental root canal sealer 134
 dentine-pulp complex
 anatomical structure of
 dentin 159
 bone marrow stromal cells
 (BMSCs) 161, 166
 calcitonin gene-related
 peptide (CRGP) 160
 cell-free zone 160
 cell-rich zone 160
 collagen type I and III 160
 composition of dentin 159
 dendritic cells 160
 dental pulp stem cells
 (DPSCs) 161–163
 extracellular matrix (ECM)
 components 159
 mesenchymal stem cells
 (MSCs) 161
 nerve growth factor
 (NGF) 160
 neural crest stem cells
 (NCCs) 161
 odontoblast layer 160
 peri-vascular cells/
 pericytes 161
 pro-angiogenic growth
 factors 162
 pro-inflammatory
 cytokines 162
 pulp tissue bioengineering
 162
 reactionary dentine 162
 regeneration of 161–163
 reparative dentinogenesis
 162
 stem cells from apical papilla
 (SCAPs) 161, 166
 stem cells from human
 exfoliated teeth
 (SHEDs) 161
 vascularization of pulp 160
 dentofacial orthopedics
 186–187
 developmental hypomin-
 eralisation 49, **50**
 Doweidar model 130

e

early caries 47, 48 49, 54,
 57, 162
 around restorations 53
 diagnosis of 57
 in pits and fissures 51–52, 52
 radiographic detection 56, 57

enamel caries 2, 56, 73, 178
 enamel formation 31, 32
 protein control of 26–27
 enamel microabrasion
 technique 103
 endodontic procedures
 21, 165, 166
 Enhancing the QUALity and
 Transparency Of health
 Research (EQUATOR)
 network 16
 evidence-based dentistry
 (EBD)
 biomedical databases
 14–15, **15**
 clinical experience 13
 clinical outcomes 17
 computerised decision support
 systems 15
 critical appraisal 16
 evidence 12–13
 guidelines 15
 patients values 13
 PICO question 14, **14**
 potential barriers 17
 systematic reviews 15–16
 extreme caries risk chemical
 therapy 73

f

faulty restoration 2
 fissure sealants 103–104
 fluoride 66, 67, 70–74, 102–106,
 124, 129–134, 142, 148,
 174, 175
 fluoride-containing bioactive
 glasses 129–130
 Fuji IX 126
 functionalised tricalcium
 phosphate 74

g

gingival margins 49, 84
 gingival recession 146, 152
 clinical examination
 148–149, 149
 patient outcomes 151, 151
 post-operative instructions
 150, 150, 151
 surgical procedure 149, 149
 Glass Carbomer® 125
 glass ionomer cements
 (GICs) 19, 104, **124**,
 124–126
 Global Burden of Oral
 Conditions 1

h

Hall crown 179, 179
 herd immunity 79
 high caries risk chemical
 therapy 72
 home-based bleaching
 methods 110
 hydrogen peroxide/carbamide
 peroxide 111
 hypoxia 167

i

ICON® infiltrant 179
 in office/power bleaching
 109, 111
 International Caries Classification
 and Management System
 (ICCMS™)
 colour-coded stages 54
 4D approach caries
 management 36, 37
 ‘objective or intraoral’ risk
 assessment 43, **44–45**, 45
 risk status
 classification 45, **46**
 ‘subjective or patient-level’ risk
 assessment 38,
 42–43, 45
 International Caries Detection
 and Assessment System
 (ICDAS)
 clinical visual codes 3, 4
 codes 1 and 2 54–56
 codes 3 and 4 54
 codes 5 and 6 54
 scoring criteria 55, **56**
 intraoral vaccination
 active immunisation 83, **83**
 adjuvants 80–82, **82**
 Behçet’s disease (BD) 92
 buccal vaccine delivery
 92–93
 for cancer 95, 95
 components of 80, 81
 for dental caries 90, 90
 history of 78
 monoclonal antibodies
 93–94, **94**, 94
 oral tolerance 89
 passive immunisation 84
 for periodontal disease
 91, **91**
 principals of 78–79
 protective immune
 responses 79

role for 89, 90
 standard set of vaccines
 79, 80
 sublingual immunotherapy
 (SLIT) 92, 93

L

low caries risk chemical
 therapy 72

M

mineral trioxide aggregate
 (MTA) capping 163, 164
 minimally invasive dentistry
 (MID)
 advantages 7, 7
 atraumatic restorative
 treatment (ART) 18–20,
 124, 124–126, 176–177, 180
 Cochrane reviews 17–21
 components 18
 defective restorations repair
 115–116, 116
 dental materials 123–134
 disadvantages 7, 7
 evidence-based dentistry
 (EBD) (*see* evidence-
 based dentistry (EBD))
 FDI policy statement 18
 high quality evidence 17–18
 history of 8
 orthodontics 182–187
 paediatric dentistry (*see*
 paediatric dentistry)
 protein engineered salivas
 32–33
 in restorative dentistry
 adhesive dentistry (*see*
 adhesive dentistry)
 aesthetic zone 107–108
 appropriate excavation
 methods 106–107
 biomimetic restorative
 materials 102
 cavity design and principles
 106
 deep carious lesions 105
 demineralisation–
 remineralisation
 cycle 102, 105–106
 diagnosis 102
 early carious lesions 103
 enamel microabrasion
 technique 103
 fissure sealants 103–104

non-carious cervical
 lesions 105
 “no-prep” adhesive
 restorations 108
 odontoblast process 105
 posterior composite resin
 restorations 107, 107, 108
 preventive resin restoration
 (PRR) 104
 resin infiltration technique
 104–105
 tooth loss 113–115, 114
 tooth wear 111–113, 112
 tooth whitening/bleaching
 108–111, 109, 110
 minimally invasive nonsurgical
 therapy (MINST) 145
 moderate caries risk chemical
 therapy 72

N

near-infrared (NIR) light
 transillumination camera
 systems 52
 night guard bleaching
 (NGVB) 109
 non-carious cervical
 lesions 105
 “no-prep” adhesive
 restorations 108

O

occlusal caries lesion 52, 53
 odontoblast process 105
 oral cavity
 effector sites 89
 immune responses
 antigen presenting cells
 (APCs) 86
 APC/T cell interactions
 86–88, 87
 initiation of 86, 87
 innate responses 86
 intricate feedback loops 88
 memory cells 86
 mucosal immune system
 85, 86
 mucosal surfaces 85, 85
 pattern recognition
 receptors (PRRs) 86
 suppressor of cytokine
 signalling family
 (SOCS) 88
 systemic immune
 response 85

inductive sites 88–89
 structure and function
 84, 84–85
 oral pH changes 29
 oral tolerance 89
 orthodontics
 accelerated tooth movement
 187
 anchorage 186
 appliances 182, 183,
 185, 186
 cone beam computed
 tomography (CBCT)
 184, 184–185
 dentofacial orthopedics
 186–187
 first bracket system 183
 full mouth periapical
 radiographs 183
 lateral cephalometric
 radiograph/analysis 183
 malpractice litigations 185
 panoramic radiographs 183
 postero-anterior cephalometric
 radiographs 183
 self-ligating brackets 185
 stone dental study
 casts 183, 185
 osteopontin 159, 164

P

paediatric dentistry
 vs. adults 177–178
 canals 175–176
 carious dentition 174
 dental materials 176–177
 eruption 174–175
 exfoliation 174–175
 minimally invasive (MI)
 therapies
 atraumatic restorative
 technique (ART) 180
 ICON® infiltrant 179
 resin infiltration 179
 sealing in caries
 178–179
 silver diamine fluoride 178
 pulpal anatomy of primary
 and permanent
 teeth 175, 176
 pulp chamber 175–176
 thinner enamel and
 dentine 175
 partial caries removal
 technique 20–21

pemphigus vulgaris, skin blistering resolution 94, 94

periodontal disease
common terminology **147, 153–155**

intraoral vaccination for 91, **91**

keystone pathogen(s) 143

meticulous oral hygiene 144, 145

minimally invasive nonsurgical therapy (MINST) 145

minimally invasive periodontal surgery (MIPS/MIST)
advantages of 146, **147**

Alloderm and Enamel Matrix Derivatives 152

diode laser 152

disadvantages of 147–148

gingival recession
assessment and treatment 148–152, 148–151

objectives of 146

post-operative healing complications 146

non-surgical procedures 144–145, 152

oral hygiene measures 144

oral microbiome 143

plaque biofilm removal 143

subgingival calculus 144, 144

treatment 142, 143

periodontitis 1
epidemiology of 4, 4–5

polio 78

posterior composite resin restorations 107, 107, 108

Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses (PRISMA) 15, 16

preformed metal crowns 179

preventive resin restoration (PRR) 104

protein engineered salivas 32–33

pulpal necrosis 165

pulpal reparative process 164

r

reactionary dentine 162

recurrent caries 2, 53

regenerative endodontics 165–167

remineralisation 74

reparative dentinogenesis 163

resin bonded/resin retained bridges (RBBs/RRBs) 114, 113–115

resin infiltration technique 104–105

restorative dentistry,
minimally invasive dentistry (MID)
adhesive dentistry 102

aesthetic zone 107–108

appropriate excavation methods 106–107

biomimetic restorative materials 102

cavity design and principles 106

deep carious lesions 105

demineralisation–remineralisation cycle 102, 105–106

diagnosis 102

early carious lesions 103

enamel microabrasion technique 103

fissure sealants 103–104

non-carious cervical lesions 105

“no-prep” adhesive restorations 108

odontoblast process 105

posterior composite resin restorations 107, 107, 108

preventive resin restoration (PRR) 104

resin infiltration technique 104–105

revascularization 165

root caries staging and activity status 49, 50, 51

s

saliva
components of 26

dysfunction 26

in enamel mineral preservation 30–31

natural function of 26

organic proteins 30–31

protein 25, 26

protein control of enamel formation 26–27

protein engineered salivas 32–33

therapeutic benefit 26

secondary/recurrent caries. *see* early caries around restorations

silver diamine fluoride 8, 178

smallpox vaccination 78, 78

smart system 30

staging of caries process 54–56, **55, 55, 56**

statherin 30, 31, 32

strontium-containing bioactive glasses 128, 129

t

tooth loss
epidemiology of 5–7, 6

minimally invasive dentistry (MID) 113–115, 114

tooth proximal surface lesions 52–53, 53

tooth wear
epidemiology of 5

minimally invasive dentistry (MID) 111–113, 112

Tooth Wear Index (TWI) 5

tooth whitening/bleaching 108–111, 109, 110

TRIP database 16

v

visual caries detection
activity status per lesion 49, **49**

clean tooth surface 47

dry tooth surface 47

magnification 49

sharp probe/explorers 48

staging 49, **49**

white spot lesion 47, 48

vital pulp therapy 163–165

w

Wollastonite 128

World Health Organisation
Global Action plan for vaccination 2011–2020 78

x

xylitol 73–74