

Contents

1	Dry Mouth and Hypersalivation	1
1.1	Introduction	1
1.2	Composition of Saliva	1
1.3	Collection of Saliva and Measurement of Flow Rate	3
1.3.1	Collection of Whole Saliva	4
1.3.2	Collection of Saliva from the Individual Salivary Glands	5
1.3.3	Flow Rate of Saliva	6
1.3.4	Measurement of Salivary Gland Function by Scintigraphy	8
1.4	Hyposalivation and Xerostomia	9
1.4.1	Definition and Criteria	9
1.4.2	Prevalence	10
1.4.3	Etiology	10
1.4.4	Clinical Signs Associated with Xerostomia and Salivary Gland Hypofunction	15
1.4.5	Treatment of Xerostomia and Hyposalivation	17
1.5	Hypersalivation	19
2	Inflammatory Diseases	24
2.1	Introduction	24
2.2	Sialadenitis of the Parotid Gland	24
2.2.1	Acute (Suppurative) Parotitis	24
2.2.2	Chronic Recurrent Parotitis	26
2.2.3	Epidemic Parotitis ("Mumps")	31
2.3	Sialadenitis of the Submandibular Gland	32

2.4	Sialadenitis of the Sublingual Gland	34
2.5	Sialadenitis of the Intraoral Salivary Glands	34
3	Sjögren's Syndrome	37
3.1	Definition	37
3.2	Etiology	37
3.3	Epidemiology	39
3.4	Clinical Aspects	39
3.4.1	Ocular Symptoms	39
3.4.2	Oral and Perioral Symptoms	39
3.4.3	General Manifestations	40
3.5	Diagnostic Aspects	41
3.5.1	Ocular Signs	41
3.5.2	Salivary Gland Involvement	41
3.5.3	Autoantibodies	44
3.6	Histological Aspects	44
3.7	Treatment and Prognosis	46
4	Cysts	51
4.1	Cysts of Major Salivary Glands	51
4.1.1	Lymphoepithelial Cyst	51
4.1.2	Polycystic (Dysgenetic) Disease of the Parotid Glands	52
4.1.3	Salivary Duct Cyst	52
4.2	Cysts of Minor Salivary Glands	52
4.2.1	Definition	53
4.2.2	Etiology	54
4.2.3	Epidemiology	54
4.2.4	Clinical Aspects	54
4.2.5	Histological Aspects	56
4.2.6	Treatment	57
4.3	Intraosseous Cyst of Possible Salivary Gland Origin ...	58
5	Neoplasms	60
5.1	Introduction	60
5.2	Etiology and Histogenesis	61

5.3	Epidemiology	62
5.4	Clinical Aspects	62
5.4.1	Parotid Gland	62
5.4.2	Submandibular Gland	64
5.4.3	Sublingual Gland	65
5.4.4	Intraoral Salivary Gland	66
5.4.5	Tumors in Other Sites	68
5.5	TNM Staging	70
5.6	Imaging Techniques	72
5.7	Cytological Aspects	74
5.8	Histological Aspects	74
5.8.1	Adenomas	76
5.8.2	Carcinomas	84
5.9	Treatment and Prognosis	95
5.9.1	General Comments	95
5.9.2	Role of Radiotherapy	96
5.9.3	Role of Chemotherapy	97
5.9.4	Prognosis	97
6	Miscellaneous Lesions and Conditions	111
6.1	Diagnostic Value of Saliva	111
6.2	Benign Lymphoepithelial Lesion	112
6.2.1	Definition	112
6.2.2	Etiology	112
6.2.3	Epidemiology	113
6.2.4	Clinical Aspects	113
6.2.5	Histological Aspects	113
6.2.6	Treatment	114
6.3	Developmental Disturbances	115
6.3.1	Agensis, Aplasia, and Hypoplasia	115
6.3.2	Hyperplasia	115
6.3.3	Ectopic Salivary Glands	115
6.3.4	Lingual Mandibular Salivary Gland Depression Cyst ...	117
6.4	Frey's Syndrome	118
6.5	Necrotizing Sialometaplasia	120
6.5.1	Definition	120
6.5.2	Etiology	120

6.5.3	Epidemiology	120
6.5.4	Clinical Aspects	120
6.5.5	Histological Aspects	122
6.5.6	Treatment	122
6.6	Parotid and Submandibular Fistula	123
6.7	Pneumoparotis	123
6.8	Salivary Gland Involvement in Systemic Diseases	124
6.8.1	Salivary Gland Involvement in Human Immunodeficiency Virus Infection	124
6.8.2	Cytomegalic Inclusion Disease	126
6.8.3	Salivary Gland Involvement in Other Systemic Diseases	126
6.9	Sialadenosis	128
6.9.1	Definition	128
6.9.2	Etiology	128
6.9.3	Clinical Aspects	128
6.9.4	Cytological and Histological Aspects	129
6.9.5	Treatment	130
6.10	Sialolithiasis	130
6.10.1	Definition	130
6.10.2	Etiology	130
6.10.3	Epidemiology	131
6.10.4	Clinical Aspects	131
6.10.5	Radiographic Aspects	131
6.10.6	Treatment	134
6.11	Irradiation Damage of Salivary Gland Tissue	135
 Subject Index		 143