

"But upon you shall my name shine; the sun of righteousness will rise with healing in its wings. You will jump like fattened calves."

Thanks to my friends in and from India.

# VJ, VK, Arun & Syed

For immeasurable patience and fire zeal during the Scripture Studies in the Dark Years of 2021 & 2022. 7,000 kilometers. One team. Two continents. One God.

பரலோகப் படைகளின் யெகோவா சொல்வது இதுதான்: "அவர்களை என்னுடைய விசேஷ சொத்தாக்குவேன். அந்த நாளில் அவர்கள் எனக்குச் சொந்தமாவார்கள். கீழ்ப்படிந்து நடக்கிற ஒரு மகனுக்கு அப்பா கரிசனை காட்டுவது போல நான் அவர்களுக்குக் கரிசனை காட்டுவேன். அப்போது, நீதிமானுக்கும் கெட்டவனுக்கும், கடவுளுக்குச் சேவை செய்கிறவனுக்கும் செய்யாதவனுக்கும் உள்ள வித்தியாசத்தை நீங்கள் மறுபடியும் பார்ப்பீர்கள்."

Paralōkap paṭaikaḷin yekōvā colvatu itutān: "Avarkaḷai ennuṭaiya vicēṣa cottākkuvēn. Anta nāḷil avarkaḷ enakkuc contamāvārkaḷ. Kīlppaṭintu naṭakkira oru makanukku appā karicanai kāṭṭuvatu pōla nān avarkaḷukkuk karicanai kāṭṭuvēn. Appōtu, nītimānukkum keṭṭavanukkum, kaṭavuḷukkuc cēvai ceykiravanukkum ceyyātavanukkum uḷḷa vittiyācattai nīṅkaḷ marupaṭiyum pārppīrkaḷ."



# **Christianity**

Hindu Sect Of The Chosen Ones

Marco Zanoni

# tredition

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# **Foreword**

ou sensed it. Not that the world has always been in constant renewal and progress, but that this change is progressing faster and faster. I'm not talking about the openly displayed worldly affairs of politics, laws, and governments, all of which come and go.

I tell about processes that are of a spiritual nature. These are otherwise cultural aspects in the type and style of art. Works of art stand for the zeitgeist of their creation, little of which is universally timeless.

Literature, for example, is one such medium of the train of time. Famous poets and thinkers quickly come to mind. Yet not in mine.

Not because I can't list names, but because we are once again living in times of anticipatory obedience. To make matters worse, today you are no longer sure which author you will be ostracized for tomorrow. Living in a cancel culture.

Since you, the "reading person", dear readers, were not deterred from taking a look at this book despite the title, I will make sure that you are amazed.

After decades of religious conflicts in this world - if not centuries! It is time to go back to the beginning and explore the roots of our denomination so that belief becomes knowing at the end.

The Europe of the 21st century lives in a period of extensive change and the European Union, with its existence of around 30 years, is in the process of finding an identity.

Many other regions of the world as well. Africa, Asia - above all the subcontinent India and the Middle East.

It's the natural course of events when you look at the average ages of the populations of these countries and continents.

A generation is retiring and a sizeable and fairly young cohort is looking for their place in the world and their voice to make themselves heard.

Old wounds and burdens of the previous generation often tear open. The growing post-colonialism in Europe's former colonies is a symptom of this.

At the same time, more and more people in European countries are leaving the Christian churches, whose cross became the epitome of colonial times and the oppression of entire nations.

If possible, I will give you a compact nudge in this book to go on your journey of faith by taking you with me to the beginning. To the origin of all religions and inspired scriptures, while at the same time showing you the end in an impressive way.

The disciples said to Jesus: "Tell us how our end will be." Jesus said: "Have you already discovered the beginning that you are asking about the end? Because where the beginning is, there will also be the end. Blessed is he who stands at the beginning, and he will know the end and not taste death."

- The Gospel according to Thomas (Logion 18)

# Chapter 1 - YHWH in the Indian Rigveda

येशुः तान् अवदत् , Òअहं युष् माकं वदामि, अब्राहमस् य जन्मनः पूर्वम् अहं आसम्। - John 8:58

his saying of Jesus in the Bible is generally accepted as the revealing oath of the Messiah, with which he expresses his immortal and timeless nature. He claims to be the one who lives forever and ever and already had the Word in the so-called Old Testament of Holy Scripture.

Since this means in summary "He is the one who is", the Jews in the following verses sought to stone him on what they considered to be a blasphemous statement - they did not succeed, however.

This statement becomes all the more fascinating when one considers that the Indian Rigveda already mentions the God of the Bible by name, as well as his son. Yes, read it correctly. I will also prove it to you below using the Indian scriptures. Here is a little bit of information in advance to help you understand.

The oldest writings of Hinduism are the so-called Vedas or the Veda. Consisting of four writings, the Rigveda, Samaveda, Yajurveda, and Atharvaveda. The oldest part of the Hindu scriptures is the Rigveda.

First, a purely oral tradition of revelation songs in early Vedic language. According to current estimates, these chants were written down by the so-called Rishis - the saints of the Vedic epoch - around the year 1,200 BC in Devanagari script in the Sanskrit language in the form of today's Rigveda.

The Rigveda contains these songs of praise, divided into 10 circles of songs, the mandalas. Each mandala consists of a series of hymns and these hymns are of individual verses. Depending on how you count the Rigveda consists of 1028 hymns.

The focus of the chants is the sacrificial fire in the form of the fire god Agni. This god exists in both a heavenly invisible and a manifested earthly form.

In addition, other physical and universal phenomena are also defined in the form of deities and invoked by name.

It is easy to overlook one god in the Rigveda because his awe-inspiring name is used as an epithet for the other designations.

The holy name of the god from the Bible appears in a total of 41 hymns of the Indian Rigveda. Known in the Western world and in Judaism and Christianity under the term Tetragrammaton.

# יְהֹוָה (YHWH) यह्री

Original Hinduism was also a monotheistic religion. The core teaching of the Vedas also speaks of a single Creator God. Evidence pointing to this early monotheism is scattered throughout the four Vedas and also the Upanishads.

The characteristics that these verses describe correspond exactly to the God of the Bible.

He is the sole sovereign of the universe.

-Rigveda 6.36.4

(...) of that god, one cannot make any images.

- Yajurveda 3:32

Verily he is one, single, indivisible, supreme reality.

- Atharva Veda 13.4.20

# There is only One who should be worshiped by men.

- Atharva Veda 2.2.1

The 41 hymns from the Rigveda are addressed to various deities but are presented below in chronological order according to mandala and hymn.

Each is in the original Devanagari accented typeface, in which the name Yehovah is emphasized in its various declensions.

As well as a modern Hindi interpretation - if available. Also attached to each verse is the now public domain translation by the German Indologist Karl Friedrich Geldner. Which has been translated into English for this version of the book.

The most exciting thing is the interpretation of Sanskrit with the help of Google Translator. In some cases, the ancient chants are difficult or even impossible to translate verbatim into a modern language, which is why machine translators fail. You can see this from the fragmented Hebrew passages in places. Nevertheless, the knowledge gained about the oldest writing from this epoch is as exciting as a thriller. But please read for yourself.

# 1.1 - 01.036.01 (Mandala. Sukta. Rik)

# Samhita Devanagari Accent

प्र वों **यहुं** पुंरुणां विशां देवयतीनां । अग्निं सूक्तेभिर्वचौभिरीमहे यं सीमिदन्य ईळेते ॥

### Samhita Roman Accent

prá vo **yahvám** purūṇām viśām devayatīnām l agním sūktébhirvácobhirīmahe yám sīmídanyá īļate ll

# Padapatha Devanagari Accent

प्र । व<u>ः</u> । **यह्वम्** । पु्रुणाम् । विशाम् । देवऽयतीनांम् । अग्निम् । सुऽउुक्तेभिः । वचःंऽभिः । <u>ईमृहे</u> । यम् । सीम् । इत् । अन्ये । ईळंते ॥

# Sri Aurobindo Interpretation

The master of many peoples who labour towards the godhead, we seek for you with words of perfect expression, Agni whom others also everywhere desire.

# Karl Friedrich Geldner

We appear for you with well-chosen speeches before Agni, the youngest among many, the lord of the godly tribes, whom the others also invoke.

# Google Translator (Marco Zanoni)

Lord of many who have worked for Divinity, we seek you in words of perfect expression, Agni, whom others also seek everywhere.

# Hebrew from the Samhita and Reconstruction (Google)

אדון רבים שעמל על האלוהות, אנו מחפשים אותך במילים של ביטוי מושלם, אגני, שגם אחרים מחפשים אותו בכל מקום

# 1.2 - 01.059.04 (Mandala. Sukta. Rik)

# Samhita Devanagari Accent

बृह्ती ईव सूनवे रोदंसी गिरो होतां मनुष्यो3ं न दक्षः । स्वर्वते सत्यश्रंष्माय पूर्वीवैंश्वान्राय नृतंमाय **यह्वीः** ॥

#### Samhita Roman Accent

bṛhatī iva sūnáve ródasī gíro hótā manuṣyó ná dákṣaḥ l svárvate satyásuṣmāya pūrvīrvaiśvānarāya nṛtamāya **yahvīḥ** ll

# Padapatha Devanagari Accent

बृह्ती ड्रवेतिं बृह्तीऽइंव । सूनवें । रोदंसी इतिं । गिरःं । होतां । मुनुष्यःं । न । दक्षःं । स्वःंऽवते । सुत्यऽशुंष्माय । पूर्वीः । वैश्वानुरायं । नृऽतंमाय । **यह्वीः** ॥

# Sri Aurobindo Interpretation

Heaven and earth grow as if vaster worlds to the Son. Then the offering priest sings the sacred words even as might a man of discerning skill. To Vaisvanara, for this most strong god who brings with him the light of the sun-world the many mighty waters because his strength is of the truth.

# **Hindi Interpretation**

Like the greater worlds, heaven and earth grow (increasing) towards the Supreme Son. He belongs to our Yagya and sings our words as a wise man sings. Hail to Vaishvanara, hail to this mighty deity, who brings with him the light of the sun, its many mighty waters, for his power is that of truth.

#### Karl Friedrich Geldner

The two worlds are to him like two noble mothers to the son. I offer words of praise skillfully as the human Hotri is able to be. Many youngest women serve the sunny, of true courage, the manliest of Vaisvanara.

# Google Translator (Marco Zanoni)

The priest who is as big as the sun does not know the sky. The Yahvīs are the source of the heavenly planets, the source of truth, the source of fire and the source of dance.

# Hebrew from the Samhita and Reconstruction (Google)

הכהן, שהוא גדול כמו השמש, אינו מיומן בשמים הם מקור כוכבי הלכת השמימיים, מקור האמת, מקור Yahvīs-ה האש ומקור הריקוד

# 1.3 - 01.071.07 (Mandala. Sukta. Rik)

# Samhita Devanagari Accent

अग्निं विश्वां अभि पृक्षःं सचंते समुद्रं न स्रवतः सप्त **यह्वीः** । न जामिभिर्वि चिंकिते वयों नो विदा देवेषु प्रमंतिं चिकित्वान् ॥

#### Samhita Roman Accent

agním vísvā abhí pṛ́kṣaḥ sacante samudrám ná sravátaḥ saptá
yahvīḥ |
ná jāmíbhirví cikite váyo no vidā devéṣu prámatim cikitvān ||

# Padapatha Devanagari Accent

अग्निम् । विश्वाः । अभि । पृक्षः । सचुन्ते । सुमुद्रम् । न । स्रवतः । सुप्त । **यह्वीः** । न । जामिऽभिः । वि । चिकिते । वयः । नः । विदाः । देवेषुं । प्रऽमंतिम् । चिकित्वान ॥

# Sri Aurobindo Interpretation

All satisfactions cleave to the Fire as the seven mighty rivers join the ocean. Our growth of being has not been perceived by thy companions, but thou who hast perceived, impart to the gods thy knowledge.19 (16HTMF 102)

# **Hindi Interpretation**

All satisfactions stick to the fire like the seven rivers merge into the ocean. Your companions have not realized the increase of our power, but you, who have realized it, give that knowledge to the gods (or take advantage of the knowledge of the gods for us).